## Forwarding Houses.

V FORWARDING
) COMMISSION HOUSE.

VING purchased the extensive
rehouse, Cars, &c., of CULP & EARNSHAW,
signed to carry on the business, un-
m of BIGHAM & Co. at the old stand on
t of Washington and Rail road streets, on a
ensive scale than heretofore.
regular line of Freight Cars will leave our
es every TUESDAY NOON, and accom-
odations will be made on occasion may require.
arrangement we are prepared to convey
ot all times to and from Baltimore. All
f their kind entrusted to us, will be prompt-
ded to. Our cars run to the Warehouse of
s A Sons, 103 north Howard street, Balti-
ing determined to pay good prices, sell
o deal fairly, we invite everybody to give

WM. M. BIGHAM,
ALEXANDER CORBAN
JAMES BIGHAM.

1868

## URDY & HAMILTON,

DEALERS IN

*E. GRAIN, GROCERIES, &c.*

ighest price paying at their Ware house,
ith street, adjoining Buehler's Hall, the
rket.

WHEAT, RYE, CORN, OATS, BUCK-
AT, CLOVER AND TIMOTHY-SEEDS,
POTATOES, &c., &c.,

ers may depend upon receiving a call before selling.
have constantly on hand for sale,

IGE SUPPLY OF GROCERIES,

Syrups, Coffees, Sugars, &c., with Salt Fish
Spices, Rosin, Candles, Soap, Starch, Brooms, Buckets, Blacking, Soap,
Oil, Cotton Yarn, Wicking, Tar, &c. Also
Nails and Spikes, Shoeing and Clevising Tools.

always able to supply a first rate article
the different kinds of Feed.
und Plaster, with Guano and other fertili-
, by the bushel, ton or car load.
also run a

## E of FREIGHT CARS

rth street, BALTIMORE, and 811 Market
ILADELPHIA. All goods sent to either
ese places will be received and forwarded
Goods should be marked "Bunerty Car."
H. S. BENNETT & BRO.

1865.—tf

## NIEL GULDEN,

DEALER IN

Goods, Flour, Grain,
*Provisions, Lumber, Coal, &c.*

dersigned keepson hand, at his Warehouse,
n as "*Gulden's Station*," in Straban town-
ne of the Gettysburg Railroad, all kinds

GROCERIES,
Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Spices, &c., with
ils, Tobacco, Bacon, Lard, &c. Also,
LUMBER AND COAL,
Building Stuff, shingles, lathe, Stove and
h, Coal. Also, Grain, and a large assort-
Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps
ale, which he is prepared to sell at the low-

pays the highest market price for Flour,
, Oats, Buckwheat, Clover and Timothy
, &c., or will receive and forward the
market on commission. He respectfully asks
and the public to give him a call.
1, 1867.—tf DANIEL GULDEN.

## anal, Lumber, Lime, &c.

## GETTYSBURG

## ME KILNS.

dersigned has bought out his former part-
GUIEN, and now continues

## LIME-BURNING BUSINESS

at the Gettysburg Lime Kilns; on the corner
ilroad and North Stratton street. Thank-
st patronage, he will endeavor to deserve its
nce, by prosecuting the business as vigorous-
as large a scale as possible—always selling
ple and giving go. dmeasure. Farmers and
l look for the prompt filling of orders.
continues the

## OAL BUSINESS,

e most popular kinds. Housekeepers and
uld give him a call. Blacksmith Coal con-
hand.

delivered anywhere in G ttysburg.
, Nov. 20, 1867.—tf JACOB REILEY.

## Foundry.

FARMERS,

## nd to your Interests!

## TTYSBURG FOUNDRY.

subscriber would inform his customers and
re, that he still manufacturing various kinds
s and Machines, made to order, on short no-
s

THRESHERS AND REAPERS,
great store of Powers, CLOVER-SEED HUL-
S, SEPARATORS, CORN FODDER CUTTERS
AND HAY CUTTERS; CORN PLANTERS:

*PLOUGHS,*

ast Ploughs, Barshear Ploughs, Sidehill an
ghs, &c.
WIRE-SPRING HORSE-RAKE,
improvement; also SHERMAN'S SELF
ING HORSE-RAKE.
likewise manufacture
MOWERS AND REAPERS.
SCREWS for Cider Presses,
AILING, for Cemeteries or Porches, with,
else in his line, all at low rates.
LE.—A One-horse Wagon.
DAVID STERNER.
1, 1868.

## fe and Fire Insurance.

ADAMS COUNTY
L FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

ORPORATED, MARCH 18, 1851.

OFFICERS.

t—George Swope.
sident—Samuel R. Russell.
—D A. Buehler.
—E. G. Fahnestock.
e Committee—Robert McCurdy, H. A. Pick-
King.
—George Swope, D. A. Buehler, R. McCur-
ussell, E. G. Fahnestock, Gettysburg; Jacob
ban township; Frederick Diehl, Franklin;
ng, Straban; Abdiel F. Gilt, New Oxford;
White, Liberty; H. G. Peters, Petersburg

Company is limited in its operations to the
Adams. It has been in operation for more
ars, and in that period has made but one as-
having paid losses by fire during that period
to over $16,000. Any person desiring an In-
n apply to either of the managers.
Executive Committee meets at the office of
ny, on the last Wednesday in every month
P. M.
[June 10, 1868.—t

## Cabinet Making.

## URNITURE.

## . C. SHEAFFER

ERSBURG, (Y. S.,) PENNA.,

ed to offer to the Public, anything in his line
e to be had in the county.
chasers will do well to call and examine
bout buying elsewhere.

## URNITURE

rder. Repairing done neat cheap and with
Jan. 22, 1868.—tf



HARPER, MCPHERSON & MCPHERSON,
PROPRIETORS AND PUBLISHERS,
*Baltimore street, between The Court-House and Diamond, Gettysburg, Pa.*

TERMS OF PUBLICATION:

THE STAR AND SENTINEL is published every Friday morning, at $2.00 a year in advance; or $2.50 if not paid within the year. No subscriptions discontinued until all arearages are paid, unless at the option of the publishers.

ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted at reasonable rates.—A liberal deduction will be made to persons advertising by the quarter, half year, or year. Special notices will be inserted at special rates, to be agreed upon.

☞ The circulation of the STAR AND SENTINEL is one-half larger than that ever attained by any newspaper in Adams county; and, as an advertising medium, it cannot be excelled.

JOB WORK of all kinds will be promptly executed, and at fair rates. Hand-bills, Blanks, Cards, Pamphlets, &c., in every variety and style will be printed at short notice. TERMS CASH.


### OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

*President Judge*—Robert J. Fisher.
*Associate Judges*—Isaac Robinson, Joseph J. Kohs.
*Prothonotary*—Jacob A. Kitzmiller.
*Register and Recorder*—Wm. D. Holtzworth.
*Clerk of the Courts*—A. W. Minjer.
*District Attorney*—A. J. Cover.
*Treasurer*—H. D. Wattles.
*Sheriff*—Philip Hann.
*Coroner*—Dr. W. J. McClure.
*Surveyor*—Jesse D. K. Her.
*Commissioners*—Nicholas Wierman, Jacob Lott, Moses Harnish. *Clerk*—J. M. Walter. *Counsel*—Wm. McClean. *Physician to Jail*—Dr. J. W. C. O'Neal.
*Directors of the Poor*—John Rauemaker, John Rahn, Martin Getz. *Steward*—Jonas Johns. *Clerk*—H. G. Wolf. *Treasurer*—Jacob Benner. *Counsel*—Wm. McClean. *Physician*—J. W. C. O'Neal. *Auditors*—Martin Bollinger, Jacob Pittenturf, Jacob Bull.

BOROUGH OF GETTYSBURG.

*Burgess*—Peter Myers.
*Council*—W. S. Hamilton, Alexander Spangler, David Warren, George A. Arnsheim, A. M. Hunter, Wm. F. Baker. *Clerk*—Jeremiah Culp. *Treasurer*—Samuel R. Russell.
*Constable*—George W. Weikert.
*School Directors*—David A. Buehler, Wm. Guinn, W. J. Eing, Hiram Warren, John F. McCreary, A. J. Cover. *Secretary*—John F. McCreary. *Treasurer*—E. G. Fahnestock.

GETTYSBURG NATIONAL BANK.

*President*—George Swope.
*Cashier*—J. Emory Bair.
*Teller*—Henry S. Bennett.
*Directors*—George Swope, William Young, Henry Wirt, David Wills, David Kendlehart, Wm. McSherry, William D. Himes, Joshua Motter, Marcus Samson.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF GETTYSBURG.

*President*—George Throne.
*Cashier*—George Arnold.
*Teller*—A. M. Hunter.
*Directors*—George Throne, David McConaughy, John Brough, Robert Bell, John Horner, George Arnold Jacob Musselman.

EVER GREEN CEMETERY.

*President*—J. L. Schick.
*Secretary*—William B. Meals.
*Treasurer*—Alexander Cobean.
*Managers*—John Rupp, J. G. Hill, Josiah Bender, George Spangler, George Little, William B. Meals, Alexander Cobean.

ADAMS COUNTY MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

*President*—George Swope.
*Vice President*—Samuel R. Russell.
*Secretary*—David A. Buehler.
*Treasurer*—Edward G. Fahnestock.
*Executive Committee*—Robert McCurdy, Henry A. Picking, Jacob King.

ADAMS COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

*President*—Samuel Herbst.
*Vice Presidents*—William McSherry, J. S. Witherow.
*Corresponding Secretary*—Henry J. Stahle.
*Recording Secretary*—Edward G. Fahnestock.
*Treasurer*—David Wills.
*Managers*—William B. Wilson, William Wible, Jonas Routzahn, Elisha Penrose, John H. McClellan.

BUILDING ASSOCIATION.

*President*—Edward G. Fahnestock.
*Vice President*—William A. Duncan.
*Secretary*—John F. McCreary.
*Treasurer*—Jacob A. Kitzmiller.
*Managers*—C. Henry Buehler, J. W. C. O'Neal, John Rupp, John Culp (of M.) Wm. Christman.

GAS COMPANY.

*President*—E. G. Fahnestock.
*Secretary*—Wm. A. Duncan.
*Treasurer*—Samuel B. Danner.
*Managers*—A. D. Buehler, M. Eichelberger, H. D. Wattles, S. R. Russell, W. A. Duncan, J. B. Danner.

WATER COMPANY.

*President*—George W. McClellan.
*Secretary and Treasurer*—Samuel R. Russell.
*Managers*—G. W. McClellan, George Swope, E. B. Buehler, S. R. Russell, H. J. Stahle.

GETTYSBURG RAILROAD.

*Sequestrator*—Robert McCurdy.
*Secretary and Treasurer*—David Wills.

| Trains depart | *First.* 7.15 A. M. | *Second.* 12.45 P. M. |
|---|---|---|
| " arrive | 12.30 P. M. | 5.00 P. M. |

Both trains make close connections for Baltimore. The morning train makes close connection for Harrisburg and Eastern and Western points.

SEASONED ASSOCIATIONS.

*Gettys Lodge, No. 124, I. O. O. F.*—Meets corner of Carlisle and Railroad streets, every Tuesday evening.
*Union Encampment, No. 126, I. O. O. F.*—In Odd Fellows' Hall, 3rd and 3d Monday in each month.
*Good Samaritan Lodge, No. 536, A. Y. M.*—Corner of Carlisle and Railroad streets, 2d and 4th Thursday in each month.
*Gen. Reynolds Lodge, No. 180, I. O. G. T.*—On Baltimore street, every Monday evening.
*Gettysburg Lodge, No. —, I. O. G. T.*—In Star and Sentinel Building, every Friday evening.
*Cuyuga Tribe, No. 31, I. O. R. M.*—In McConaughy's Hall, every Friday evening.
*Post No. 9, G. A. R.*—In Star and Sentinel Building, every Saturday evening.
*Adams Division, No. 214, S. of T.*—In Star and Sentinel Building, every Wednesday evening.

CHURCHES.

*Presbyterian*—Rev. Edsall Ferrier, Stated Supply.—Services Sabbath morning and Wednesday evening.
*Lutheran, (Synod)*—Pastor, Rev. C. [illegible]—Services by Professors of College and Seminary alternately, Sabbath morning and evening and Wednesday evening. During vacations, Sunday evening service omitted.
*Lutheran, (St. James)*—Rev. E. Breidenbaugh. Services Sabbath morning and evening, and Wednesday evening.
*Methodist Episcopal*—Revs. J. B. Van Meter, J. B. Shaver. Services Sabbath morning and evening, and Thursday evening.
*German Reformed*—Rev. W. R. H. Deatrich. Services Sabbath morning and evening, & Wednesday evening.
*Catholic*—Rev. Joseph Boll. Services 1st, 3d and 5th Sabbaths, morning and afternoon.
*United Presbyterian*—Rev. J. Lansdown.—Services by special appointments.

## Professional Cards, &c.

A. J. COVER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to collections and all other Business entrusted to his care.
Office between Fahnestock and Danner and Ziegler's stores, Baltimore street, Gettysburg, Pa.
May 29, 1867.

DAVID A. BUEHLER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to collections and all other business entrusted to his care.
☞ Office at his residence in the three-story building opposite the Court House. [Gettysburg, May 29, 1867

DAVID WILLS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office at his residence in the South-east corner of Centre Square.
May 29, 1867.

CLAIM AGENCY.—The undersigned will attend to the collection of claims against the U. S. Government, including Military Bounties, Back Pay, Pensions, &c., either in the Courts or Departments at Washington.
R. G. McCREARY,
May 29, 1867. Attorney at Law, Gettysburg, Pa.

JOS. H. LEFEVER,
*ATTORNEY AT L.*
LITTLESTOWN, PA.,
Will promptly attend to Collections, Conveyances, Writing of Deeds, Leases, &c., and all other business entrusted to his care.
☞ Office on Frederick street, at the office formerly occupied by Drs. Shorb, Kinser and Mehring.
May 26, 1865.—1y

D. McCONAUGHY, JOHN M. KRAUTH.
*Attorneys and Counsellors.*
McCONAUGHY has associated JOHN M. KRAUTH, Esq., in the practice of the law, at his old office, one door west of BUEHLER'S Drug store, Chambersburg street.
Special attention given to Suits, Collections and Settlement of Estates. All legal business, and claims for Pensions, Bounty, Back-pay, and Damages ainst U. States at all times, promptly and efficiently attended to.
Land warrants located, and choice Farms for sale in Iowa and other western States. [Nov. 27, 1867.—t

DR. J. A. ARMSTRONG,
Having located at NEW SALEM, will attend to all branches of his profession, and will be found at his office when not professionally engaged.
McKNIGHTSTOWN, P. O.,
Adams county, Pa. July 24, 1868.—tf

DR. J. W. C. O'NEAL
Has his Office at his residence in Baltimore street, two doors above the *Compiler* Office.
Gettysburg, May 29, 1867.

DR. WM. STALLSMITH, *Dentist*, having located in Gettysburg, offers his services to the public. Office in Baltimore street, in room above Midnight's Confectionery, where he will be prepared to attend to any case within the province of the Dentist. Persons in want of full set or partial set of teeth are invited to call. Terms reasonable.
[April 5, 1868.—

JOHN LAWRENCE HILL, Dentist, Office in Chambersburg street, one door west of the Lutheran Church, nearly opposite Dr. R. Horner's Drug Store, where he may be found ready and willing to attend any case within the province of the Dentist. Persons in want of full sets of teeth are invited to call. [May 29, 1867

DR. C. W. BENSON
HAS RESUMED the Practice of Medicine in LITTLESTOWN, and offers his services to the public. Office at his house, corner of Lombar and Foundry alley, near the Railroad. Special attention given to Skin Diseases. [Littlestown, Nov. 13, 1867

## Foundry.

FARMERS,

## Attend to your Interests!

## GETTYSBURG FOUNDRY.

THE subscriber would inform his customers and others, that he still manufacturing various kinds of castings and Machines, made to order, on short notice, such as

THRESHERS AND REAPERS,
(five different sizes of Powers,) CLOVER-SEED HULLERS AND SEPARATOR, CORN FODDER CUTTERS STRAW AND HAY CUTTERS; CORN PLANTERS:

*PLOUGHS,*

such as Cast Ploughs, Barshear Ploughs, Sidehillan Corn Ploughs; the

WIRE-SPRING HORSE RAKE,

the latest improvement; also SHERMAN'S SELF DISCHARGING HORSE RAKE.
He will likewise manufacture

MOWERS AND REAPERS.

METAL SCREWS for Cider Presses,
IRON RAILING for Cemeteries or Porches, with everything else in his line, at as low rates.
FOR SALE.—A One-horse Wagon.
DAVID STERNER.
April 15, 1868.

## Business Cards.

JOHN W. TIPTON, FASHIONABLE BARBER, North-East corner of the Diamond, next door to McClellan's Hotel, Gettysburg, Pa., where he can at all times be found ready to attend to all business in his line. He has also an excellent assistant and will insure satisfaction—Give him a call.
May 29, 1867.

SURVEYOR AND LICENSED CONVEYANCER. The undersigned, having taken out a Conveyancer's License, will in connection with the office of COUNTY SURVEYOR, attend to the

WRITING OF DEEDS, BONDS, RELEASES, WILLS, ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT, CLOSING OF SALES, &C.

Having had considerable experience in this line, he hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage. Business promptly attended to and charges reasonable. Post office address Fairfield, Adams Co., Pa.
J. S. WITHEROW.
May 29, 1867.—tf

BROOMS! BROOMS!
The undersigned continues to manufacture Brooms at his old stand in Carlisle street adjoining Railroad Depot. He will have during the fall a full supply on hand, and will be able to furnish them WHOLESALE OR RETAIL. Brooms made to order or on the shares. Persons having Broom Corn would do well to give him a call.
S. R. TIPTON.
Gettysburg, Nov. 6.—3m

CARD.
HAVING disposed of the "EXCELSIOR GALLERY" to Messrs. TIPTON and MYERS, I take the opportunity of extending to the public my sincere thanks for their liberal patronage in the past; and knowing my successors to be prompt, thorough, energetic and practical Photographers, I ask for them a continuance of the same. They having had almost entire control of the Excelsior Gallery for the last two years, I know that they will exert every effort to render full satisfaction at all times.
C. J. TYSON.
Oct. 25.—3m

GRANITE-YARD,
GETTYSBURG, PA.,
*ON RAILROAD, NEAR FREIGHT DEPOT.*
PETER BEITLER
Is prepared to furnish GRANITE, for all kinds of BUILDING AND MONUMENTAL PURPOSES, at reasonable rates—
Curbing, Sills, Steps, Ashlers, Posts, Monuments, Cemetery Blocks, &c., &c.,
cut and finished in every style desired, by best of workmen.
☞ Orders from a distance promptly attended to.
June 3.—tf

JEREMIAH CULP,
*GETTYSBURG, PA.,*
Undertaker & Paper-Hanger,
Is prepared to furnish on short notice and reasonable terms

*COFFINS OF ALL STYLES.*

He also keeps on hand a large assortment of WALL PAPER, which he sells at lowest cash rates, and if desired will furnish hands to put it on the wall.

*PLAIN & FANCY SIGN PAINTING EXECUTED TO ORDER.*

☞ York street—a few doors east of Lutheran Church
May 27, 1868.—tf

ROBERT D. ARMOR,
GAS FITTER, PLUMBER AND BELL HANGER,
*East Middle street, half a square from the Court-house,*
GETTYSBURG, PA.,
WILL promptly attend to all orders in his line. Work done in the most satisfactory manner, and at prices as low as can possibly be afforded to make a living.

GAS PIPE
furnished, as well as Chandeliers, Brackets, Drop Lights &c.; also WATER PIPE, Stops, Top and Front Spigots, and, in short, everything belonging to gas or water fixtures.
Bells hung, and furnished if desired. Locks of all kinds repaired. [Dec. 25, 1867.—tf

MARSH CREEK PLANING MILL.
THE undersigned has established a PLANING MILL, on Marsh creek, four miles from Gettysburg, at which he will manufacture
DOORS AND DOOR FRAMES,
WINDOW SASH AND FRAMES,
FLOORING, WEATHERBOARDING,
Chair and Wash Boards, with everything else made at such a factory, and to be in the building line. The best of lumber will always be used, all thoroughly dried, a kiln having been put up for the purpose.
Orders solicited, and promptly attended to. Prices as low as the lowest, and every effort made to accommodate customers.
JOHN D. PFOUTZ.
May 20, 1868.—1y

Attention, Housekeepers!
WASHING MADE EASY.
HAVING the agency for Adams county for JACKSON'S UNIVERSAL WASHING COMPOUND, Patented Jan. 10, 1865, I respectfully invite the attention of Ladies and Housekeepers to it as the most economical and valuable Washing Compound in use. It requires no rubbing of Clothes—washes in hard as well as soft water, and does not injure the most delicate fabric; preserves and fixes the colors; removes paints, grease and stains of all kinds. Give it a trial and you will use nothing else. Family Rights $1 each. For further information apply to
CHAS. H. STALLSMITH,
Gettysburg, Pa.
☞ I have been informed that parties in several parts of the county are selling what purports to be Jackson's Compound, as I have the exclusive right to Adams county, all persons are hereby warned against selling or purchasing from other parties.
Aug. 7, 1868.—tf

## FURNITURE.

## D. C. SHEAFFER
PETERSBURG, (Y. S.,) PENNA.,
Is prepared to offer to the Public, anything in his line as cheap as can be had in the county.
☞ Purchasers will do well to call and examine my stock before buying elsewhere.

FURNITURE
made to order. Repairing done neat cheap and with dispatch.
Jan. 22, 1868.—tf

## NEW BAKERY.
NEWPORT & ZIEGLER.
Mechanical Bakery, Corner Washington and East Middle streets, Gettysburg, Pa. Constantly on hand the best of

BREAD,
CRACKERS,
CAKES,
PRETZELS, &c.

Persons wishing fresh Bread will be served every morning by leaving their names and residences at the Bakery. Every effort made to please.

GIVE US A CALL.
May 22, 1867.

ALL KINDS OF BLANKS, Common, Administration, Executor's, Deeds, Mortgages, Judgment Notes, Promissory Notes, with and without waiver of exemption, Summons, Subpœnas and Executions for sale at the STAR AND SENTINEL office.

## Hardware, Cutlery, &c.

HARDWARE AND GROCERIES.
THE subscribers have just returned from the cities with an immense supply of HARDWARE & GROCERIES, which they are offering at their old stand, in Baltimore street, at prices to suit the times. Our customers in part of

Carpenter's Tools,
Blacksmith's Tools,
Cooper's Tools,
Coach Finding

Shoe Findings,
Cabinet Maker's Tools,
Housekeepers' Articles
All kinds of Iron &c.

GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS.

Oils, Paints, &c., &c. The Groceries embrace all the several kinds usually kept in a first class store. Every class of Housekeepers can be accommodated here with tools and findings, and Shoemakers will find our assortment complete in their line. Give us a call and examine our stock and prices. Remember the place, sign of the Big Padlock.
DAVID KESSLER,
JOHN B. WARNER.
May 20, 1867.

## Dry Goods, Notions, &c.

FAHNESTOCK BROS.
have an elegant assortment of

DRESS GOODS
which they are selling very cheap.

FURS.
FAHNESTOCK BROS.
*HAVE THE*
Largest stock of Furs
in town. If you want bargains call and buy from them.

Cloths, Cassimers, &c.
A great variety, and at low prices on hand at
FAHNESTOCK BROS.

FAHNESTOCK BROS. is the place to buy
CHEAP GOODS
of every description.
If you would save money buy at the
SIGN OF THE RED FRONT.

## Carpenters and Contractors.

WM. C. STALLSMITH & SON,
*GETTYSBURG, PA.,*
CARPENTERS & CONTRACTORS,
Are prepared to do all kinds of Carpentering—contracting and erecting buildings of all kinds, Repairing, &c. They keep constantly on hand and manufacture to order,
DOORS, SHUTTERS, BLINDS, SASH, DOOR AND WINDOW FRAMES, CORNICE, DOOR AND WINDOW BRACKETS,
*And any other Article in the Building Line.*
Seasoned material constantly on hand, experienced workmen always in readiness, and work executed with dispatch.
☞ Orders promptly attended to.
WM. C. STALLSMITH,
C. H. STALLSMITH.
Sept. 18, 1867.—tf

TO THE BUILDING COMMUNITY AND ALL OTHERS
*WHO WISH TO IMPROVE.*
I AM SATISFIED
forms the public that he still continues the
CARPENTERING BUSINESS
at his old stand, on West street, Gettysburg, and is ready at all times to accommodate those wanting anything done in his line. He is prepared to furnish all kinds of work for building purposes, of the best material, and as neatly and cheaply as it can be done at any other establishment in the county. Experienced Hands always in readiness and work executed with promptness and dispatch.
☞ Thankful for past favors, he hopes, by attention to business to receive a liberal share of public patronage.
May 29, 1867. WM. CHRISTMAN.

GEO. C. CASHMAN,
GETTYSBURG, PA.,
Carpenter and Contractor,
RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he will continue the Carpenter business in all its branches, and is prepared to take contracts for putting up and repairing Buildings, at as reasonable rates as any builder in Gettysburg—all work guaranteed to be of best quality. He hopes by strict attention to business to merit public patronage. Shop on York street, recently occupied by Cashman & Rowe. 30-Oct

## Financial.

Notice to Capitalists!
PERSONS desiring of investing, and realizing nearly NINE PER CENT., are requested to call at the
Gettysburg National Bank,
AND OBTAIN CIRCULARS OF THE
UNION PACIFIC
AND ALSO
CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD COS. GRATIS.
These investments are daily growing in favor and sales increasing.
☞ BONDS can be had at all times at this Bank and where all information concerning said investments will be cheerfully given.
Dec. 13, 1867.—tf J. EMORY BAIR, Cashier.

GETTYSBURG NATIONAL BANK.
GOVERNMENT BONDS, of all kinds, BOUGHT and SOLD.
SEVEN-THIRTY BONDS converted into FIVE-TWENTY BONDS without charge.
COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES CASHED.
The HIGHEST PREMIUM paid on GOLD and SILVER.
STOCKS and BONDS, of all kinds, bought for persons without CHARGING COMMISSION.
ORDERS PROMPTLY EXECUTED.
Interest on SPECIAL DEPOSITS advanced 1 *per cent.* viz:
5 PER CENT. for 1 year,
4 PER CENT. for 6 months,
3 PER CENT. for 3 months.
Persons wishing information in regard to U. S. Bonds and Stocks of all kinds, are invited to give us a call and we will give all information cheerfully.
J. EMORY BAIR, Cashier.
Gettysburg, Oct. 30, 1867.—tf

THE
FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF
GETTYSBURG, PENNA.,
*Is agent for the sale of the First Mortgage*
Union Pacific Rail Road,
6 PER CENT. GOLD INTEREST BONDS,
at market rates, with interest payable semi-annually, over the counter. All necessary information given.
GEO. ARNOLD, Cashier.
Gettysburg, Nov. 27, 1867.—tf

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF
GETTYSBURG
WILL ALLOW
Interest on SPECIAL DEPOSITS as follows:
5 PER CENT. PER ANNUM FOR 1 YEAR,
4 " " " 6 MONTHS,
3 " " " 3 MONTHS.
WILL CASH COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES AND COUPONS.
WILL also purchase or sell STOCKS and BONDS of every kind, GOVERNMENT, STATE or CORPORATION, and will at all times pay the HIGHEST PRICE for
GOLD AND SILVER.
and with pleasure answer all information required concerning the same. Call at the Bank, in Gettysburg, Pa.
GEO. ARNOLD, Cashier.
Gettysburg, Nov. 6, 1867.—tf

## Dry Goods, Notions, &c.

CASSIMERS, CLOTHS,
AND
*OVERCOATINGS,*
all styles and prices, by the yard, or made to order,
AT DUPHORN'S
*NORTH-WEST CORNER SQUARE.*
Nov. 27.—tf

ONLY
FOR
CASH.
We have this day marked all Goods to the LOWEST CASH PRICES, and to give our Customers full benefit of SMALL PROFITS, from this date we purpose doing a strictly cash business, and will sell at the VERY LOWEST CASH PRICES to all who may favor us with their custom.
ROW & WOODS.
Nov. 13.—tf

CLOTHS,
CASSIMERS,
CASSINETTS
AND
SHAWLS,
SKIRTS,
HOSIERY,
GLOVES,
SUSPENDERS,
CARPETS,
OIL CLOTHS,
GLASSWARE,
QUEENSWARE, &c., &c.
Some of these goods will be sold lower than ever before, and are just fresh from the Cities.

NEW GOODS.
Cheaper than Ever!
REBERT & ELLIOTT,
*Baltimore st., opposite the Court House,*
HAVE just opened a new and large assortment of
Spring and Summer Goods
OF ALL KINDS.
*CLOTHS,*
*CASSIMERES,*
*TWEEDS,*
*SILKS,*
*GINGHAMS,*
*LAWNS,*
*PRINTS,*
*BAREGES,*
*MUSLINS,* &c.,
To which they invite attention—being determined to sell at lowest cash prices.
[April 8, 1868.—tf

## Carriages, Harness, &c.

DAVID McCREARY. JOHN F. McCREARY
"Best always Cheapest."
THE Best and Cheapest,
*SADDLES, BRIDLES, COLLARS and, HARNESS of all kinds, in the County* are always to be found at the old and well known stand, Baltimore st., opposite the Presbyterian Church.
(McCREARY'S.)
Our Riding and Wagon Saddles,
are the most substantially built and neatest.
Our Harness, (*plain and silver mounted,*) are complete in every respect and warranted to be of the very best material and workmanship.
Our upper leather Draft Collars,
CAN NOT BE BEAT. They are the best FITTING and most durable.
Our Heavy Draft Harness,
are made to order, as cheap as they can be made anywhere and in the most substantial manner.
Riding Bridles, Whips, Loshes, Draft Lines, Fly-nets and everything in the line; *None better or cheaper.*
Our prices
have been REDUCED to the lowest living standard.
A liberal percentage for cash, on all bills amounting to $5 or more.
We work nothing but the best of stock and will warrant every article turned out to be in every respect as represented.
Thankful for past favors we invite attention to our present stock.
☞ Give us a call and examine PRICES AND QUALITY.
Jan. 29, 1868.—tf D. McCREARY & SON.

CARRIAGE-MAKING RESUMED.
The war being over, the undersigned have resumed the
CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS,
at their old stand, in East Middle street, Gettysburg, where they are again prepared to put up work in the most fashionable, substantial, and superior manner. A lot of new and second-hand
CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &c.,
on hand, which they will dispose of at the lowest prices, and all orders will be supplied as promptly and satisfactorily as possible.
☞ REPAIRING ☜
done with dispatch, and at cheapest rates.
A large lot of new and old HARNESS on hand for sale.
Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore enjoyed by them, they solicit a call, will endeavor to deserve a large share in the future.
May 29.—tf DANNER & ZIEGLER.

Buggies and Carriages.
REMOVAL.
THE undersigned has removed his Carriage-making shop to it s east end of Middle street, Gettysburg, Pa., where he will continue to build all kinds of work in his line, viz:
*CARRIAGES, TROTTING & FALLING-TOP BUGGIES, JAGGER WAGONS, &C., &C.*
His work is all put up of good material and by the best of mechanics, and cannot fail to give satisfaction. His prices are always reasonable. He solicits orders, confident that he can please.
REPAIRING promptly done, at moderate rates,
W. K. GALLAGHER.
July 1, 1868.—ly

Adams County Ahead!
THE EXCELSIOR PATENT FLY-NET,
*Manufactured entirely of Leather, and much neater than Cotton or Linen Nets. For service unsurpassed.*
PATENTED FEBRUARY 18TH, 1868,
BY BURKHOLDER, WORLEY & GROVE.
J. L. WORLEY, Sole Agent for the *EXCELSIOR PATENT NET* for Adams county.
HAS constantly on hand manufactured Nets of the above Patent. Also,
SADDLES,
HARNESS,
COLLARS,
BRIDLES,
WHIPS,
TRUNKS,
pertaining to a Horse furnishing establishment.
☞ HORSE WANTED to sell Territory for Patent Nets, also Counties in the County. All communications should be addressed to
J. L. WORLEY,
York Sulphur Springs, Adams co., Pa.
April 1, 1868.—tf

CARRIAGES AND BUGGIES.
PERRY J. TATE
is now building a variety of COACH WORK of the latest and most approved styles, and constructed of the best material, to which he invites the attention of buyers. Having built his work with great care, and material selected with special reference to beauty of style and durability, he can confidently recommend the work as unsurpassed by any done in or out of the cities. All he asks is an inspection of his work, to convince those in want of any kind of a vehicle that this is the place to buy them.
☞ REPAIRING in every branch done at short notice and on reasonable terms.
Give me a call at my Factory, near the corner of Washington and Chambersburg street Gettysburg, Pa.
June 12, 1867.—tf

## Livery Stables.

GETTYSBURG LIVERY,
SALE & EXCHANGE STABLES,
THE Proprietor of these Stables, feeling thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore received, begs leave to inform the public that he continues the LIVERY BUSINESS at his old stand on Washington street, Gettysburg, near the Railroad, where he is prepared at all times to accommodate persons with anything in his line.
HORSES, COACHES, BUGGIES, &c.,
furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms, and competent drivers sent along if desired. Persons will be conveyed to other towns, or to any place in the country. His stock and Coaches are of the first class, and no pains will be spared to make persons sure comfortable. He is prepared at all times to furnish coaches for funerals; and also to parties desiring to go over the Battle Field or to visit the Springs.
ALSO—HORSES AND MULES
will be bought and sold at all times. Persons desiring to purchase stock will find it to their advantage to call on the undersigned, as his stock is warranted to be as represented or no sale. He has a fine lot of Horses and Mules at present on hand which will be sold on reasonable terms. They are sound and free from disease, and are guaranteed to work as represented. Persons will find it to their advantage to call at the old stand before hiring or purchasing elsewhere.
May 29, 1867.—tf NICHOLAS WEAVER.

THE EAGLE LIVERY,
SALE & EXCHANGE STABLES.
*Washington Street, Gettysburg, Pa.*
ADJOINING THE EAGLE HOTEL.
THE undersigned would respectfully inform the public that he has purchased the entire LIVERY, SALE AND EXCHANGE STABLE in this place, and prepared to offer to the public in this line. He has spared no pains to make his stables, carriages, horses and harness of the latest styles, sufficient to meet the wants of the public. His horses are all good, without any bad habits, and his carriages, saddles and harness of superior finish and "A-1" order.
Persons wishing to hire horses can always be accommodated with good ones, and can rest assured that no horses will be furnished for driving purposes, except to persons of sobriety and good habits.
Horses will be kept at reasonable rates, and every attention paid to their comfort.
Persons wishing to purchase horses will find it to their interest to call at this stable, as he is always prepared to buy and sell on the most favorable terms.
Persons wishing to attend funerals, or to visit the Springs, can be accommodated with new and elegant coaches, and with horses that will not disappoint.
DAVID KESSLER,
JOHN B. WARNER.
May 20, 1867.

## Medical.

Hoofland's German Bitters,
AND
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC.
The Great Remedies for all Diseases of the
*LIVER, STOMACH, OR DIGESTIVE ORGANS.*

Hoofland's German Bitters
Is composed of the purest juices (or, as they are medicinally termed, *Extracts*) of Roots, Herbs, and Barks, making a preparation, highly concentrated, and entirely *free from alcoholic admixture of any kind.*

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC
Is a combination of all the ingredients of the Bitters with the purest quality of *Santa Cruz Rum*, Orange, &c., making one of the most pleasant and agreeable remedies ever offered to the public.
Those preferring a Medicine free from Alcoholic admixture, will use

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

Those who have no objection to the combination of the Bitters, as stated, will use

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC.

They are both equally good, and contain the same medicinal virtues, the choice between the two being a mere matter of taste, the Tonic being the most palatable.
The stomach, from a variety of causes, such as Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, etc., is very apt to have its functions deranged. The Liver, sympathizing as closely as it does with the Stomach, then becomes affected, the result of which is that the patient suffers from several or more of the following diseases

Constipation, Flatulence, Inward Piles, Fullness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heart-burn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried or Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and Great Depression of Spirits

*HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,*
AND
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC.
PREPARED BY *Dr. C. M. JACKSON,*
PHILADELPHIA, PA
Twenty-two years since there were first introduced into this country from Germany, during which time they have undoubtedly performed more real and benefited suffering humanity to a greater extent, than any other remedies known to the public.
These remedies will effectually cure Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Chronic or Nervous Debility Chronic Diarrhœa, Disease of the Kidneys, and all Diseases arising from a Disordered Liver, Stomach, or Intestines.

DEBILITY,
Resulting from any Cause whatever;
PROSTRATION OF THE SYSTEM,
induced by Severe Labor, Hardships, Exposure, Fevers, etc

# The Star & Sentinel.

Friday, Dec. 11, 1868.


Advertisers and others interested will bear in mind that the regular circulation of the "STAR AND SENTINEL" is much larger than that of any other paper published in the County, being read weekly by not less than 11,000 persons.

Advertisements, to secure insertion the same must be handed in on or before Thursday morning.

## MEETING OF CONGRESS.

Congress met at noon on Monday last, with a large attendance of members in both Houses, with an evident disposition on the part of the Republican majority to consider only measures of the greatest importance. In the Senate, after considerable discussion, the credentials of Senator Joshua Hill (Republican), of Georgia, were laid on the table for the present. During the debate some of the Republican members denounced the course of the Democratic majority in the Legislature of Georgia in expelling from their seats all the legally elected colored members. Various amendments to the Constitution on the subject of universal suffrage were introduced. One offered by Senator Sumner is of a sweeping character. It gives the right to vote for President, members of Congress, State, county and city officers, to every citizen, without regard to race or color, and imposes severe penalties upon any election officer who interferes in any manner in the exercise of this suffrage. Messrs. Cragin and Pomery also offered amendments, differing from Mr. Sumner's, but looking to the same end.—Senators Frelinghuysen, Yates and Morrill, of Maine, introduced bills regarding the naturalization of foreigners, and to prevent a repetition of the disgraceful frauds that were practiced by the Democracy of New York, Philadelphia and other large cities, at the last election. Mr. Drake offered a resolution providing that no vacancy occurring in the grade of General or Admiral shall be filled without the authority of Congress; and if any vacancy occur in the grade of General his powers and duties shall devolve upon the Lieutenant General, or if there be a vacancy in that grade, upon such Major General as shall be designated by the President. Senator Sumner introduced resolutions expressive of sympathy with Spain, and appealing to the people of that country to emancipate their slaves. All these bills and resolutions were referred to appropriate committees.

In the House of Representatives Messrs. Boutwell and Kelly proposed articles looking to the amendment of the Constitution so as to prescribe who shall vote in all the States for Presidential electors and members of Congress. Messrs. Lynch and Pike of Maine, Mr. Spalding of Ohio, and Mr. Maynard of Tennessee, introduced bills looking to important changes in the present financial system. Mr. Wood offered a resolution inquiring what Reverdy Johnson's instructions were from the State Department, which was adopted. Mr. Morrell, of Pennsylvania, followed this with a resolution censuring Minister Johnson, reciting that his conduct in England has been prejudicial to the interests and dignity of the United States, and requesting the President to immediately recall him. After some debate, it was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs. Several bills changing the Naturalization laws were referred to the appropriate committee. Mr. Otis S. Buxton, of New York, was elected Doorkeeper in the place of General Lippincott, resigned, and the House adjourned until this morning.

The proceedings on Tuesday were not of special interest. In the House a bill restoring the control of the Bureau of Indian Affairs to the control of the War Department, after a short but spirited debate, passed by the decisive vote of 119 to 38. Mr. Butler offered a bill to repeal the Tenure-of-office act, which was referred.

The reading of the President's Message was the main feature in both Houses on Wednesday. In the Senate its reading was interrupted by a motion to suspend the further reading by reason of its offensive reference to Congressional legislation. Pending the discussion of the motion the Senate adjourned. The House permitted the Message to be read, but manifested its sense of its impertinent and offensive style by quietly ordering the usual number of copies to be printed, and then laying it on the table. In the House, Mr. Washburne gave notice of his intention to move a recess from Dec. 21 to Jan. 16, as none of the important Committee would be prepared before that date.

We surrender a good portion of to-day's issue to abstracts of the Message and the Department Reports, which will no doubt be read with interest.—The President seems to have learned nothing from the popular verdict in November, and still harps on the same old tune of the despotic and unconstitutional legislation of Congress. He discusses the financial question at great length, but with an obscurity that makes it difficult to discover what he really means. It is last message, and hereafter the country will be relieved of the egotism, demagogueism, and inconsistencies which have characterized President Johnson's productions.

The farce of pretending to try JEFF. DAVIS for treason is rapidly coming to an end. DAVIS himself is in England apparently in no wise concerned about the trial. On Friday last, at Richmond, the case was called, and counsel for DAVIS moved to quash the indictment on the ground that the 14th Constitutional Amendment acted as an amnesty. Mr. DANA, on behalf of the Government, resisting the motion, and Mr. O'CONNOR supporting it. After conference, Chief Justice CHASE announced a division of the Court on the motion—he himself being in favor of quashing and Judge UNDERWOOD against. The case now goes to the Supreme Court of the United States, and that is probably the last that will be heard of it. We have not, for a year or more, thought there was any earnest purpose on the part of the Government to bring this arch-traitor to trial; but this shuffling policy is discreditable to all parties and should be brought to an end, either in a prompt trial or a prompt discharge.

The Freedman's Bureau, which is to be abolished on the 1st of January, has done an immense good. It has been a grand charity. It has literally given food to the hungry, drink to the thirsty, clothing to the naked, and shelter to the homeless. It has prevented cruelty to and the robbery of the ignorant and helpless; has made the lazy work, and in its charity has known no distinction between the suffering and destitute whether white or black.

The report of General REYNOLDS, who has been in command in Texas, reveals a horrible state of affairs there. Speaking of the Ku Klux Klan the General states:—"The precise object of these organizations cannot be readily explained, but seems in this State to be to disarm, rob and in many cases murder Union men and negroes, and, as occasion may offer, murder *United States officers and soldiers; also to intimidate every one who knows anything of the organization but who will not join it.* The civil law east of the Trinity river is almost a dead letter.—In some counties the civil officers are all, or a portion of them, members of the Klan." At the political meetings in several counties "men have been indicated by name from the speaker's stand as those selected for murder.—*The men thus pointed out have no course left them but to leave their homes or be murdered on the first convenient opportunity.*". The murder of negroes is so common as to render it impossible to keep an accurate account of them.

The Columbus *Crisis*, a leading Democratic paper in Ohio, has an article laying down the basis for the reconstruction of the Democratic party. It is to cancel the bonds, abolish the legal tenders, abolish the banks, make the currency gold and silver, abolish the tariff, abolish all internal revenue duties, and support the government by a direct tax levied on the property of the country. It declares the previous monetary and financial schemes of the Democratic party all wrong, and that the only way to restoration of the party is by coming back to these true Democratic principles. And in view of their advent it declares it the duty of the press of the country to warn the widows and orphans and poor people of the country to dispose of all the bonds in their possession, for "repudiation is inevitable."

The people can begin to see what the country escaped by defeating SEYMOUR AND BLAIR.

There was a tough pull between Massachusetts and Kentucky as to which would give the larger majority, the former for GRANT or the latter for SEYMOUR, with the following result:

| | |
|---|---|
| Massachusetts, Grant | 136,379 |
| Massachusetts, Seymour | 59,103 |
| Majority for Grant | 77,276 |
| Kentucky, Seymour | 115,509 |
| Kentucky, Grant | 39,569 |
| Majority for Seymour | 75,220 |
| Massachusetts ahead | 956 |

Considerable money changed hands on this contest. But it should be borne in mind that half the Republican party in Kentucky are disfranchised by the persecuting Copperheads of that State. GRANT would have polled nearly 100,000 votes in Kentucky had all the Republicans been allowed to vote.

The English Tories spent $60,000 in gold to beat the great Liberal (Republican) JOHN STUART MILL, for Parliament.

## GENERAL NEWS.

General John A. Logan is quite ill in Washington.

News of snow storms reach us from all sections of the country.

The case of Jeff Davis has been continued over to May next.

E. A. Pollard, author of the "Lost Cause," has, it is said, been appointed to a clerkship in the New York Custom House.

The presidency of the State Agricultural College has been tendered Hon. Thos. H. Burrows, of Lancaster.

The friends of Hon. E. B. Washburne of Illinois confidently assert that he will be appointed Secretary of the Treasury by General Grant.

A boy named O'Shaughnessy, while skating on a pond on Staten Island, on Friday, fell through the ice and was drowned.

General Cole, tried at Albany, New York, for the murder of Mr. Hiscock, for the seduction of his wife, has been acquitted.

Hon. E. B. Washburne, of Illinois, succeeds the late Hon. Thaddeus Stevens as Chairman of the House Committee on Appropriations.

Commissioner Rollins will again transmit his resignation to the President, to take effect at the close of the present year, unless his successor shall be sooner confirmed.

Advices from Cuba indicate that the opponents of Spanish rule there are making considerable headway, and that the Government troops have been severely punished at several points.

The gas jets in A. T. Stewart's new store, are lighted simultaneously by an electric battery. The windows on the ground floor are of a single plate glass, each costing $600. The establishment covers more than two acres, and is twice as large as Morrison's, in London, the next largest dry goods store in the world.

European advices of Monday bring us intelligence of the foundering at sea, on the Irish coast, of the steamer Hibernian, from Glasgow for New York. The Captain and fifty-two passengers are reported as saved, and one boat, with thirty-three persons on board, was lost. The fate of two other boats and their crews is yet unknown.

Four bears—a female and three cubs—were found on one tree one night recently by some hunters in Mifflin county, who, with their dogs, were out coon-hunting. All four were killed. The old bear weighed something over 200 pounds, and each of the cubs from 106 to 109. Bears and deer are remarkable plenty all through Pennsylvania this winter.

The Pennsylvania Central Railroad has at last effected the actual consolidation with it of its two main western connecting routes. The Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago, and the Pittsburg, Cincinnati and St. Louis Roads thus become practically a part of the Pennsylvania Central, and over one thousand miles of railway, stretching from the seaboard to the great cities of the Mississippi Valley, pass under the control of a single corporation.

A little child was buried in Lewistown, Pa., thirteen years ago. The grave was recently re-opened. The entire upper portion of the body from the little thighs had returned to the native "dust," nothing remaining to indicate the *forms* of a human being, while from the thighs downward was the most perfect model of the plump, beautifully rounded limbs of a babe; everything delineated to perfection—perfect as in life—yet solid and white as Parian marble; even the little shoes preserved upon its feet as at the closing of the little coffin thirteen years ago!

Terrible Disaster.—A terrible disaster occurred on the Ohio river, caused by the collision of two steamers, the American and the United States, both mail boats, on Friday night last. The collision is attributed to a mistake in giving the signals required by passing boats. The United States had a quantity of petroleum on deck, to which fire was in some way communicated, and in a few moments both boats were enveloped in flames, and finally entirely destroyed. The loss of life was terrible, the lowest estimate placing it at seventy-five, and others at over one hundred. On board the United States nearly all the female passengers were either burned to death or jumped overboard and were drowned.

# PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

On Wednesday President JOHNSON sent in his last annual message, a copy of which we received yesterday afternoon. Its length, and the late hour at which it came to hand, precludes its publication entire. We must therefore, content ourselves with an abstract giving its essential parts, which probably will be more satisfactory to the mass of our readers than to be compelled to wade through some eight or ten columns.

The message opens with a sharp arraignment of the entire series of Congressional enactments bearing on the re-construction of the Rebel States, after the fashion of previous messages, of which the following paragraph may be taken as a sample:

"Upon the reassembling of Congress, it again becomes my duty to call your attention to the state of the Union, and to its continued disorganized condition under the various laws which have been passed upon the subject of reconstruction. It may be safely assumed, as an axiom in the government of States, that the greatest wrongs inflicted upon a people are caused by unjust and arbitrary legislation, or by the unrelenting decrees of despotic rulers, and that the timely revocation of injurious and oppressive measures is the greatest good that can be conferred upon a nation. The legislator or ruler who has the wisdom and magnanimity to retrace his steps, when convinced of error, will soon or later be rewarded with the respect and gratitude of an intelligent and patriotic people. Our own history—although embracing a period less than a century—affords abundant proof that most if not all of our domestic troubles are directly traceable to the violations of the organic law and excessive legislation. The most striking illustrations of this fact are furnished by the enactments of the past three years upon the question of reconstruction. After a fair trial, they have substantially failed and proved pernicious in their results, and there seems to be no good reason why they should longer remain upon the statute book. States to which the Constitution guarantees a republican form of government have been reduced to military dependencies, in each of which the people have been made subject to the arbitrary will of the Commanding General.

The entire series of acts are pronounced not only unconstitutional and despotic, but failures, and their repeal is urged. The continued outrages in the South are held to be the necessary result of these oppressive acts. Some people think the President's obstinate opposite to these enactments had much to do with exciting the insubordination and outrages which afflict many parts of the South, but Mr. Johnson carefully ignores all this. The repeal of the Civil Tenure Act and the Act of March 2, 1867, in regard to Army appointments, is urged, as being violations of Executive prerogatives and unconstitutional.

FINANCES.

The Message discusses the financial condition of the Government at considerable length, drawing strong contrasts between the expenditures in past periods and the present. Early in 1861 the war of the rebellion commenced, and from the first of July of that year to the 30th of June 1865, the public expenditures reached the enormous aggregate of thirty-three hundred millions. Three years of peace have intervened, and during that time the disbursements of the Government have successively been five hundred and twenty millions, three hundred and forty-six millions, and three hundred and ninety-three millions. Adding to these amounts three hundred and seventy-two millions, estimated as necessary for the fiscal year ending the 30th of June, 1869, we obtain a total expenditure of sixteen hundred millions of dollars during the four years immediately succeeding the war, or nearly as much as was expended during the seventy-two years that preceded the rebellion, and embraced the extraordinary expenditures already named. These facts clearly illustrate the necessity of retrenchment in all branches of the public service.

After referring to the public debt, the President urges a return to a specie basis as early as possible, as necessary to remove the anomaly that now presents itself in the Government having different classes of creditors, some payable in gold and others in paper currency. How this is to be done is not very clearly pointed out. He maintains that we are paying too large a rate of interest, and recommends a re-adjustment of the national loans by substituting loans bearing 3½, 4 or 5 per cent. In reply to the argument that such a policy would smack strongly of repudiation, we have the statement that while our national credit should be sacredly observed, in making provision for our creditors we should not forget what is due to the masses of the people, and then comes a gentle reminder to the "bloated bondholder" in these words:

The lessons of the past admonish the lender that it is not well to be over-anxious in exacting from the borrower rigid compliance with the letter of the bond.

The President favors an early payment of the entire debt, which he thinks could be paid in about 16 years, by changing the loans, and applying the revenue semi-annually to the discharge of the debt.

Specie payments having been resumed by the Government and banks, all notes or bills of paper issued by either, of a less denomination than twenty dollars, should by law be excluded from circulation, so that the people may have the benefit and convenience of a gold and silver currency, which in all their business transactions will be uniform in value at home and abroad.

Reference is made to the statistics presented by the Reports of the Interior, Land, Patent, Post Office, and other departments, which, however, will be found in our abstracts thereof in another column.

On the 30th of June, 1868, one hundred and sixty-nine thousand six hundred and forty-three names were borne on the pension rolls, and during the year ending on that day the total amount paid for pensions, including the expenses of disbursement, was $24,010,982, being $5,891,025 greater than that expended for like purposes during the preceding year.

INDIAN TROUBLES.

Treaties with various Indian tribes have been concluded, and will be submitted to the Senate for constitutional action. The President cordially sanctions the stipulations which provide for reserving lands for the various tribes, where they may be encouraged to abandon their nomadic habits and engage in agricultural and industrial pursuits. This policy, inaugurated many years since, has met with signal success, whenever it has been pursued in good faith and with becoming liberality by the United States. The necessity for extending it as far as practicable in our relations with the aboriginal population is greater now than at any preceding period. Whilst we furnish subsistence and instruction to the Indians, and guarantee the undisturbed enjoyment of their treaty-rights, we should habitually insist upon the faithful observance of their agreement to remain within their respective reservations. This is the only mode by which collisions with other tribes and with the whites can be avoided, and the safety of our frontier settlements secured.

PACIFIC RAILROAD.

The companies constructing the railway from Omaha to Sacramento have been most energetically engaged in prosecuting the work, and it is believed that the line will be completed before the expiration of the next fiscal year. The six per cent. bonds issued to these companies amounted, on the 5th instant, to $44,337,000, and additional work had been performed to the extent of $3,200,000.

FOREIGN RELATIONS.

No important question has occurred during the last year in our accustomed cordial and friendly intercourse with Costa Rica, Guatemala, Honduras, San Salvador, France, Austria, Belgium, Switzerland, Portugal, the Netherlands, Denmark, Sweden and Norway, Rome, Greece, Turkey, Persia, Liberia, Morocco, Tripoli, Tunis, Peloust, Siam, Borneo and Madagascar.

Cordial relations have also been maintained with the Argentine and the Oriental Republics. The expressed wish of Congress that the national good offices might be tended to those Republics, and also to Brazil and Paraguay, for bringing to an end the calamitous war which has so long been raging in the valley of the La Plata, has been assiduously complied with, and kindly acknowledged by all the belligerents. That important negotiation, however, has thus far been without result.

Charles A. Washburn, late United States Minister to Paraguay, having resigned, and being desirous to return to the United States, the Rear Admiral commanding the South Atlantic Squadron was early directed to send a ship of war to Asuncion, the Capital of Paraguay, to receive Mr. Washburn and his family, and remove them from a situation which was represented to be endangered by faction and foreign war. The Brazilian commander of the allied invading forces refused permission to the "Wasp" to pass through the blockading forces, and that vessel returned to its accustomed anchorage. Remonstrance having been made against this refusal, it was promptly overruled and the "Wasp" therefore resumed her crand, received Mr. Washburn and his family, and conveyed them to a safe and convenient seaport. In the meantime an excited controversy had arisen between the President of Paraguay and the late United States Minister, which it is understood grew out of his proceedings in giving asylum in the United States Legation to alleged enemies of that Republic. Mr. McMahon, the newly appointed Minister to Paraguay, having reached the La Plata, has been instructed to proceed, without delay, to Asuncion, there to investigate the whole subject. The Rear Admiral commanding the United States South Atlantic Squadron has been directed to attend the new Minister with a proper naval force to sustain such just demand as the occasion may require, and to vindicate the rights of the United States citizens referred to, and of any others who may be exposed to danger in the theatre of war.

Our relations during the past year with Bolivia, Equador, Peru, and Chili, have become especially friendly and cordial. Spain and the Republics of Peru, Bolivia, and Equador have expressed their willingness to accept the mediation of the United States for terminating the war upon the South Pacific coast. Chili has not finally declared upon the question.

The message makes no reference to the "Alabama" question, or the negotiations with Great Britain in regard thereto.

Our relations with Mexico during the year have been marked by an increasing growth of mutual confidence. The Mexican Government has not yet acted upon the three treaties celebrated here last summer for establishing the rights of naturalized citizens upon a liberal and just basis, for regulating consular powers, and for the adjustment of mutual claims.

Negotiations are pending with a view to the survey and construction of a ship canal across the Isthmus of Darien, under the auspices of the United States. I hope to be able to submit the results of that negotiation to the Senate during its present session.

In alluding to the discontented feeling in Hayti, St. Domingo, and the entire West Indies, and the contest between the friends of Republican and Monarchical systems, the President thinks we have not done our whole duty in lending moral support to the efforts making to secure Republican institutions, and makes another fling at Congress in these words:

It is indeed a question of grave consideration whether our present and prospective example is not calculated to check the growth and expansion of free principles, and make those communities distrust, if not dread, a Government which at will consigns to military domination one half of the States and Territories of our Federal Union, and, while ready to resist any attempts by other nations to extend to this hemisphere the monarchical institutions of Europe, assumes to establish over a large portion of its own people a rule more absolute, harsh and tyrannical than any European Power.

MORE ANNEXATION.

The President is evidently strongly imbued with Mr. Seward's annexation mania. The acquisition of Alaska, he says, was made with the view of extending national jurisdiction and republican principles in the American hemisphere. Believing that a further step could be taken in the same direction, he last year entered into a treaty with the King of Denmark for the purchase of the islands of St. Thomas and St. John, on the best terms then attainable, and with the express consent of the people of islands. This treaty still remains under consideration in the Senate. A new convention has been entered into with Denmark, enlarging the time fixed for final ratification of the original treaty. The President thinks Cuba and St. Domingo should also be purchased, and thus argues:

Comprehensive national policy would seem to sanction the acquisition by the incorporation into our Federal Union of the several adjacent continental and insular communities as speedily as it can be done peacefully, lawfully and without any violation of national justice, faith or honor. Foreign possession or control of these communities has hitherto hindered the growth and impaired the influence of the United States. Chronic revolution and anarchy there would be equally injurious. Each one of them, when firmly established as an independent republic, or when incorporated into the United States, would be a new source of strength and power. Conforming my administration to those principles, I have on no occasion felt support or toleration to unlawful expeditions set on foot upon the plea of republican propagandism, or of national extension or aggradizement. The necessity, however, of repressing such unlawful enterprises clearly indicates the duty which rests upon us of adapting our legislative action to the new circumstances of a decline of European monarchical power and influence, and the increase of American republican ideas, interests, and sympathies.

It cannot be long before it will become necessary for this Government to lend some effective aid for the solution of the political and social problems which are continually kept before the world by the two republics of the Island of St. Domingo, and which are now disclosing themselves more distinctly than heretofore in the Island of Cuba. The subject is commended to your consideration with all the more earnestness because I am satisfied that the time has arrived when even no direct a proceeding as a proposition for annexation of the two republics of the Island of St. Domingo would not only receive the consent of the people interested, but would also give satisfaction to all other foreign nations.

How all this is to be accomplished, without a heavy increase of the national debt and consequence increased taxation, we are not informed, although in the beginning of the message national debts are held to be oppressive, and rigid economy is urged as essential to prevent national ruin.

THE TREATIES

Which were negotiated between the United States and North Germany and Bavaria, for the regulation of the rights of naturalized citizens, have been duly ratified and exchanged, and similar treaties have been entered into with the Kingdoms of Belgium and Wurtemberg, and with the Grand Duchies of Baden and Hesse-Darmstadt, while conventions of the same character now in the course of negotiation with the respective Governments of Spain, Italy and the Ottoman Empire.

Spain having recently undergone a revolution marked by extraordinary unanimity and preservation of order, the Provisional Government established at Madrid has been recognized and the friendly intercourse which has so long happily existed between the two countries remains unchanged.

The President renews the recommendation made in July last in favor of the following amendments to the Constitution:

1st. For an election of President and Vice President by a direct vote of the people, instead of through the agency of electors, and making them ineligible for re-election to a second term.

2d. For a distinct designation of the person who shall discharge the duties of President, in the event of a vacancy in that office by the death, resignation or removal of both the President and Vice President.

3d. For the election of Senators of the United States directly by the people of the several States, instead of by the Legislatures; and

4th. For the limitation to a period of years of the terms of Federal Judges.

## THE DEPARTMENT REPORTS.

### The Treasury.

The following is an abstract of Secretary McCulloch's annual report: The National finances are in good condition, and Mr. McCulloch believes that, with proper financial legislation, in the revision of the tariff and the modifications of certain portions of the Internal Revenue laws, the path to specie payments may be reached. The funding of the public debt he regards as one step toward resumption. The report shows that up to date, of the Seven-thirty bonds, $827,629,350 have been funded in to Five-twenty six per cent. bonds; of the first series $299,565,700; second series $330,188,200; third series $197,875,450. This leaves on the first of December, of the outstanding Seven-thirty notes, but $2,363,150. The Compound Interest notes which became due between the 10th of June, 1867, and the 16th of October, 1868, have not all been redeemed; but many have been received in exchange for the per cent. certificates.

The Secretary estimates the expenditures for the fiscal year ending June 20, 1870, to be $250,000,000, though the War Department, in the event of an Indian war, will add many millions to this estimate. Last year the War Department asked for $25,000,000 for bounties, but its estimate this year is less than that amount, as no more appropriations for bounties are required. The report shows that the annual interest on the public debt is, in round numbers, $145,000,000, and the estimate for the next fiscal year is but little in excess of that amount. The estimates of the Navy Department are some $15,000,000 less than last year. The receipts show that the internal revenue for the present fiscal year will amount to $120,000,000.

The estimated revenue for the next fiscal year from customs, internal revenue, lands and miscellaneous sources, is many millions in excess of the expenditures. This year the estimated excess was but $9,000,000. The Secretary's report shows that the public debt has been reduced during the year from November, 1, 1867 to November 1, 1868, $35,624,102 82. The report shows an expenditure on account of the public debt of $880,500,000, which includes redemptions, conversions, interest on public debt, &c.

### The Navy.

The report of the Secretary of the Navy gives the following facts and figures with reference to the present condition of that branch of the military service:

"The number of vessels in squadron service as cruisers, storeships, and returning, is 42, carrying 411 guns, a reduction during the year of 14 vessels, carrying 96 guns. The number of vessels of all descriptions in use as cruisers, storeships, receiving ships, tugs, and the like, is 81, carrying 693 guns, a reduction from last year of 32 vessels, carrying 595 guns. The total number of vessels borne upon the navy list is 206, carrying 1,743 guns, a reduction during the year of 32 vessels, carrying 156 guns. The following figures exhibit the present employment and condition of the naval force:

Cruising vessels in squadron service, 35, 356 guns; vessels returning from squadron 3, 24 guns; storeships for squadrons, 4, 31 guns; special and lake service, 3, 19 guns; apprentice ship, 1, 11 guns; practice vessels, and in use at the Naval Academy, 10, 115 guns; receiving ships, 6, 92 guns; quarters for officers, League and Marine Barracks, Norfolk, 2, 27 guns; tugs at navy yard and stations, powder boats, &c., 17, 18 guns; total in use, 81, 693 guns. Iron-clad vessels laid up, 46, 107 guns; iron-clad vessels not completed, 5, 18 guns; steam sloops ships not rated, 16, 283 guns; line-of-battle ships not rated, 2, 24 guns. Total number of vessels all laid up repairing, fitting for sea and for sale, 57, 592 guns; total number of vessels of all descriptions in use, building, repairing, refitting for sea, 208, 1,743 guns. The vessels of the navy are classified as follows: Vessels of the first rate, of 2,400 tons and upward, 35, 662 guns; vessels of the second rate, 1,200 to 2,400 tons, 37, 483 guns; vessels of the third rate, of 600 to 1,200 tons, 76, 414 guns; vessels of the fourth rate, under 600 tons, 38, 184 guns; total, 206 vessels, 1,743 guns. The following indicates the character of the vessels: Iron-clad vessels, 52, 129 guns; screw steamers, 95, 938 guns; paddle wheels, 28, 199 guns; sailing vessels, 31, 477 guns. Total, 206 vessels, 1,743 guns."

### The Post-Office.

This report shows that the whole number of dead letters of all classes received during the year which ended 30th June last, by actual count, was 4,162,144, showing a decrease of 144,864 letters from the number estimated to have been received during the previous year. Of these letters, 3,995,066 were domestic letters; 167,078 were foreign, and were returned unopened to countries where they originated. The domestic letters received may be stated as follows: Ordinary dead letters, 3,029,461; drop and hotel letters, 582,677; unmailable, 363,898; fictitious addresses, 9,190; registered letters, 3,282; returned from foreign countries, 66,558. In the examination of domestic dead letters for disposition, 1,736,867 were found to be either not susceptible of being returned or of no importance, circulars, &c., and were destroyed; 263,000 more were destroyed after an effort to return them. The remainder were classified and returned to the owners as far as practicable. The whole number sent from the office was 2,228,199, of which 84 per cent. were delivered to owners, and 16 per cent. were returned to the Department; 18,340 letters contained $95,169.52, in sums of $1 and upward, of which 16,061 letters, containing $86,638.66 were delivered to owners, and 2,124, containing $7,892.36, were filed or held for disposition. 14,082 containing $8,436.68 in sums of less than $1, of which 12,513, containing $4,120.70 were delivered to owners; 17,750 containing drafts, deeds and other papers of value, representing the value of $3,609,271.80, of these 16,809 were restored to the owners, and 821 were returned and filed; 13,964 contained books, jewelry and other articles of property, of the estimated value of $8,500; of these 11,489 were forwarded for delivery, and 9,911 were delivered to their owners; 125,221 contained photographs, postage stamps, and articles of small value, of which 114,666 were delivered to owners; 2,068,842 without inclosures.

Prominent among the causes of the non-delivery of letters is the unmailable character of many of them, ascertained during the past year to be 373,898 letters, showing a decrease of 79,888 the previous year. Of these 290,448 were detained for non-payment of postage, 58,387 returned for misdirection or want of proper address, 18,470 were addressed to places for which no mail service had been established, and 1,593 had no address whatever. There were also returned 23,426 letters addressed to persons stopping temporarily at hotels, departures or non arrivals preventing delivery, and 9,190 letters found to be addressed to fictitious names. These are mostly cases where the causes of the non delivery appear from the letters themselves, and no effort was made to deliver them. The number of dead letters returned during the year to foreign countries was 184,188, and the number received from foreign countries was 66,558.—Out of 4,666,672 letters mailed to the United States through British, French and German mails, 126,866—or 2 96-100 per cent.—were returned to Europe as dead letters; and out of 5,401,986 letters forwarded from this country through these mails, 80,970—or 67 per cent.—were returned as dead letters.

Total number of domestic letters received during the fiscal year ending June 31, 3,995,066; foreign letters received, 167,078.—Whole number of letters received, 4,162,144. Number of original letters destroyed, 1,736,867; number of return letters destroyed, 383,286; whole number destroyed, 2,070,153. Letters returned to writers, 2,210,620; "return" letters received and destroyed, 338,286. Total delivered to writers, 1,877,334.

Mr. Randall states that the postal revenue for the last was $16,292,600, and the expenditures $22, 730,592, being an excess over receipts of $6,437,991. The estimates for the next year are fixed at $24,540,413 for expenses, and $17,800,000 for receipts, leaving a deficit to be supplied by appropriation of $6,740,413. 383,470,500 postage stamps were sold at $11,751,024, and 44,552,300 stamped envelopes at $1,285,218. There were in the employ of the department on the 30th of June, 1868, 5,691 contractors, occupying 8, 226 routes, whose aggregate length is 216,928 miles, with an annual transportation of 84, 224,325 miles, at a cost of $10,266,056. There are 26,481 post offices in operation in the United States, of which 2,167 were established during the year and 849 were discontinued.

The large excess of expenditures over receipts is occasioned by opening new mail routes in the South and West, where in consequence of sparse population, the receipts are light. In the Northern States, the receipts are in excess of the expenses. Mr. Randall objects to making the Post office Department self sustaining, and regards the large excess of expenditures over receipts rather as an encouraging feature of progress, arising as it does from an extension of postal facilities to remote sections of the Republic. Attention is called to the gross abuse of the franking privilege.

### The War Department.

Secretary Schofield, in his annual report, says the strength of the army on September 30th was 48,081, which by January will be reduced by expiration of term of service alone to about 43,000. No recruiting is in operation except for the cavalry service. All volunteer officers except one have been mustered out of service. At the suggestion of General Sherman authority was given on October 6th for the muster in of one regiment of volunteer cavalry from Kansas, whose service is not expected to exceed six months, for service against the Indians. It may, the Secretary says, be reasonably expected that a considerable reduction of the army may be made within the next year. He recomends such reduction be authorized by law to be made gradually by ordinary casualties, by discharge of incompetent officers and by consolidation of regiments. The Secretary also recommends that the four regiments of veteran reserves be di-banded, officers unfit for service to be retired and others to be transferred to active regiments. The term of enlistment ought to be increased to five years. The disbursements of the pay department during the last fiscal year amount to $60,000,000. The disbursements for reconstruction have been $2,500,000. Bounty claims to the extent of $25,000,000 have been paid. It is estimated that $65,682,388,75 will be required for the War Department for the next fiscal year. The estimated deficiencies for the current year are, however, $13,575,000. In speaking of the Indian war, Secretary Schofield says it is proved beyond dispute that it was begun by the Indians without any provocation whatever. Its object is supposed to be the abandonment of the Smoky Hill route, which are the best hunting grounds in America, and the Secretary endorses General Sherman's remedy to secure peace—namely, coercion.

### Interior Department

The Secretary of the Interior, in his annual report, says that the quantity of public lands undisposed of is 1,405,366,668 acres. The amount disposed of during the year is 7,529,829 acres. The Secretary devotes a good portion of his report to the Pacific Railroads, and on the whole speaks of them in excellent terms.

### Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

The annual report of Hon. E. A. Rollins, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, on the operations of his Department, is a very interesting and exhaustive document, covering thirty-two printed pages. The crowded condition of our columns renders it impossible for us to give more than the following synopsis of its contents:

The largest receipts of internal revenue were during the fiscal year 1866, when taxation had reached its highest limits. The estimates of the reductions since that period, made from time to time, with reference to proposed legislation, were—

| | Annually. |
|---|---|
| By statute of July 15, 1866 | $40,000,000 |
| By statute of March 2, 1867 | 60,000,000 |
| By statute of February 3, 1868 | 23,000,000 |
| By statute of March 31, 1868 | 45,000,000 |
| By statute of July 20, 1868 | |
| Total | 173,000,000 |

The aggregate receipts of internal revenue, exclusive of the direct tax upon lands and the duty upon the circulation and deposits of National Banks, were for the year—

| | |
|---|---|
| 1866 | $310,906,084.17 |
| 1867 | 265,920,474.55 |
| 1868 | 188,182,249.46 |

The following is a summary of the items composing the gross sum of nearly $200,000,000, received during the year 1868:

| | |
|---|---|
| Banks, Trust Companies, &c | $8,396,752.64 |
| Railroads | 1,023,667.07 |
| Insurance Companies | 1,894,233.57 |
| Telegraph Companies | 214,599.18 |
| Express Companies | 671,949.02 |
| Revenue Stamps | 14,862,225.82 |
| Legacies and Succession | 2,813,27.37 |
| Income Taxes | 32,027,610.78 |
| Articles in Schedule A | 1,102,03.83 |
| Special Taxes | 15,966,313.20 |
| Cigars, Cigarettes and Cheroots | 22,500,047.77 |
| Chewing and Smoking Tobacco | 2,361,078.26 |
| Fermented Liquors | 14,947,107 53 |
| Brandy | 5,564,563.70 |
| Distilled Spirits | 871 63-24 |
| | 13,419,992.74 |

There is a falling off in the receipts from distilled spirits for the year ending July, 1868, as compared with the preceding year, of about $15,000,000.

The expenses for collecting the revenue, including the compensation and expenses of the whole Bureau for the year 1868, was $9,337,301.74.

The estimated receipts for the present year, under the new Tax bill, the Commissioner confidently believes will reach the sum of $145,000,000.

The number of indictments found and filed in United States Courts for violation of the revenue acts was 1,981. The number of convictions was 749, and the number of suits decided in favor of the Government was 2,532, the financial result of which was as follows: Judgments recovered in suits *in personam*, $741,797,47; collected from judgments and paid into courts, $127,810,94; forfeitures paid into courts, $1,136,150,73.

The report then proceeds to review the operations of the new law, of which the Commissioner says:

The statue now in operation contains many improvements upon that of 1866, is fuller and more definite in its exactions, places the distilleries and their operations more completely in the hands of the Government, and is more rigorous in its punishment of offenders, but its successful operation after all must depend upon the vigilance and fidelity of the local officers. The corruption of storekeepers, gaugers and assistant assessors, even when assesors and collectors are above suspicion, will always open sources of ruin to honest tax-payers and loss to the Treasury, which neither the wisest legislation nor the most stringent regulations of the Department can lose.

The uncollected tax of the insurrectionary States, amounts to nearly $3,000,000, which is a lien upon the real estate upon which it is assessable.

Mr. Rollins repeats his recommendation of last year in favor of Mr. Jenckes' Civil Service bill.

The Report recommends the adoption of the bill reported by the Committee of Ways and Means at the last session, to make a separate Department of Internal Revenue, with the Commissioner at its head distinct from the Treasury Department.

## LITERARY NOTICES.

THE GALAXY.—The enterprising publishers of this excellent monthly seem to be determined to make it a success. The January number will commence the seventh volume, and with unusually attractive features. They have secured the advance sheets of a serial story by the popular English author, Charles Reade, for which it is said he is to receive $50,000 from his English and American publishers. The publishers have also secured the advanced sheets of a new story by Mrs. Edwards, another popular English writer, author of "Steven Lawrence, Yeoman," and "Archie Lovell." Both these serials will appear in the *Galaxy* for 1869. Besides these, Scientific, Social, Literary, Practical, and Economical Articles are promised by Richard Grant White, Dr. W. A. Hanimond, Eugene Benson, Prof. E. L. Youmans, H. T. Tuckerman, Edmund C. Stedman, Schele de Vere, Justin McCarthy (the editor of the London *Morning Star*, now visiting this country,) Wm. R. Alger, John Mercdith Read, Jr., and other well-known writers. From Mark Twain, humorous articles may be expected. From Henry James, Jr., Harriet Prescott Spofford, Caroline Chesebro, Jane G. Austin, John Esten Cooke, and others, Short Stories and Sketches. Taking *The Galaxy's* prospectus for 1869, altogether, it offers one of the most tempting bills of fare to magazine readers ever set before an American public. $4 a year. Address, Sheldon & Co., publishers, 498 and 500 Broadway, N. Y.

AN OLD FRIEND IN A NEW DRESS.—We are pleased to announce that *The Sunday-School Times* of Philadelphia, so well known during the past ten years among earnest Sabbath-school workers of all denominations, is to appear the first of January in a new and greatly improved form. Every subject connected with the most successful management of the Sunday-School, in all its varied departments, with intelligence on the subject from different parts of the world, are found in its columns. We advise ever superintendent, teacher, and parent, interested in the religious instruction of the young, to send to the publishers for a sample copy, which can be obtained *free* on application. J. C. Garrigues & Co., Publishers, 608 Arch street, Philadelphia.

ANOTHER NOTICE.—There is considerable amount of money due me on the books of the late "*Adams Sentinel*"—the non-payment of which subjects me to great inconvenience, as I am mainly dependent upon this as a means of support for my family, and the liquidation of debts. I trust, therefore, that this will be the only notice required to induce those who owe me to pay their indebtness AT ONCE.

R. G. HARPER.

## Special Notices.

A CARD.

A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the Cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders that follow in the train of sensual habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, *free of charge*. Address

JOSEPH T. INMAN,
Station D, Bible House, New City.

Sept. 18.—1y

## Groceries.

# GROCERIES & LUMBER

CANTON'S STORE, ON THE HILL, BALTIMORE STREET, GETTYSBURG, PA.

# FRESH GROCERIES

...ly on hand from the City, Provisions, Dried an... ...ries of all kinds, always on hand, at lowest ...

...ICE, CHEESE, PURE CIDER VIN... ...SEGARS OF ALL KINDS, CANDLES, ...NUTS, CONFECTIONARIES, BROOMS &c., &c., &c.

# LUMBER,

...as Sanding, Posts, Shingles, Plank, &c., constantly on hand at lowest living rates. Call and see.

...24.—tf

# ILLESPIE & CO.

## ...alers in Flour, Groceries, Notions, &c.,

## GETTYSBURG, PA.,

...ITE the attention of the public to their large ...at the old stand, on York street, ...the Globe Inn, consisting of the best of

GROCERIES,

...s, Sugars, Molasses, Coffee, Teas, Spices, Salt, &c.

BEST BRANDS OF FLOUR

...ly Barrel, with Hams, Shoulders, Sides, Fish, ...Tobacco, &c. Also,

NOTIONS,

...ll variety of Cedar and Willow-ware Stone-...Brushes, Buckets, Baskets, Tobaccos, ...and smoothers' articles.

BUTTER AND EGGS,

...and fresh, always for sale.

...ESPIE & Co. will spare no effort to please, and ...confident of being able to do so by constantly ...a full and choice stock, and selling at the ...est profits. COUNTRY PRODUCE wanted, either ...cash or in exchange for goods, highest market ...allowed.

JOSEPH S. GILLESPIE. DANIEL CASHMAN.

...17, 1865.—tf

# M. BOYER & SON,

DEALERS IN

# ...OCERIES, NOTIONS, TOBACCOS,

ALSO,

...c. Wooden and Willow Ware.

A general assortment of ...ll Goods usually kept in ...a FAMILY GROCERY.

...4, 1867.—tf

# BARGAINS

...at the new

# ROCERY

IN GETTYSBURG.

JOHN CRESS & SON

...VING opened a new Grocery, in Gettysburg, on ...e north-west corner of the Public Square, ...ust received a splendid assortment of FRESH

# ...ROCERIES,

...ling Sugars, Coffee, Molasses, Syrup, Teas, ...Tobacco, Salt, Fish, Hams, Shoulders, &c. Also, ...EENSWARE, CONFECTIONERIES, ...Fruits, Soaps, Fancy Articles and Notions generally. We will also keep on hand FLOUR and FEED-...FF.

...ing purchased for CASH, we are prepared to ...very cheap. Give us a call and judge for your-...

JOHN CRESS, J. W. CRESS.

...4, '26, 1867.—tf

## ...ocery and Flour Store.

*REMOVAL.*

# ...EALS & BROTHER

...VE removed their Store to the Nineteoth property, on Chambersburg street, where they pro-...keep constantly on hand

*ALL KINDS OF*

# ...ROCERIES,

...FLOUR, FEED, NOTIONS, &c.

...VEGETABLES in season, fresh from the city ...country. They are determined to sell, as cheap ...the cheapest, and as they only ask the lowest living ...its, they hope to merit and receive a liberal ...of public patronage.

MARKS & BRO.

...April 8, 1868.—tf

# ...RECIAN BEND.

AT WM. J. MARTIN'S.

...ve just begun it if you wish, where you can get ...articles expected to be found in a first class.

## ...OCERIES AND LIQUORS.

...Groceries consist in part of best Syrup, Coffee, ...Teas, Spices, Prime No. Mackerel, &c., &c. ...Always on hand a large quantity of

# LIQUORS

...l kinds from Champagne to Common Whiskey ...Rye Whiskey, Brandy, Gin for medicinal and ...purposes, Scotch Whiskey and Jamaica Rum for ...inches, A. Speer's pure Grape Wine, Mumler's, ...and Zinfandel German critters.

# HOTEL KEEPERS

...ld by giving me a call that they can be supplied ...liquor at all times as before to please or refunded ...half a dollar per gallon. Also, ...Thanking for past patronage and soliciting a ...continuance.

W. J. MARTIN,

...ov 5-tf Late Store of Martin & Stayer.

## GO TO WM. J. MARTIN'S,

...ou want all the necessary ingredients for a good ...ine Pie

[Nov. 20.—tf

# ...PPLES, Raisins, Citron, Currants, Cranberries and Prunes.

At WM. J. MARTIN'S.

...2.—tf

## Legal Notices.

# ...ECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Let-

...rs Testamentary on the estate of DANIEL MEY-...ers, late of Butler township, Adams county, Pa., ...deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, ...ereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said ...to make immediate payment, and those having ...claims against the same to present them properly ...authenticated for settlement.

ESTHER MEHRING, Executrix.

...OTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of JACOB MICKLEY, deceased, ...of Franklin township, Adams county, Pa., ...been granted to the undersigned, residing in the ...ship, he hereby gives notice to all persons ...indebted to said estate to make immediate payment ...those having claims against the same to present ...them properly authenticated for settlement.

ESTHER MEHRING, Executrix.

...OTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of JACOB MICKLEY, deceased, ...of Franklin township, Adams county, Pa., ...been granted to the undersigned, residing in the ...ship, he hereby gives notice to all persons ...indebted to said estate to make immediate payment ...those having claims against the same to present ...them properly authenticated for settlement.

ESTHER MEHRING, Executrix.

...OTICE.—Letters Testamentary on the estate of JOHN LARKER, late of Monnyb...k Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been ...granted to the undersigned, residing in Monnyb...k, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said ...to make immediate payment, and those having ...claims against the same to present them properly ...authenticated for settlement.

RALPH FICKES, Ex'r.

...OTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of WILLIAM BOLLS, de-...late of Butler township, Adams county, Pa., ...been granted to the undersigned, residing in the ...ship, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said ...to make immediate payment, and those having ...claims against the same to present them properly ...authenticated for settlement.

J. A. WILLER, Adm'r.

# ...ISSOLUTION

...The Partnership heretofore existing between ...subscribers, doing business under the name of ...& HOFFMAN, has this day been dissolved by ...mutual consent. The business will be continued at ...the late firm, are requested to call at once on Mr. ...Hoffman, who will settle the Firm accounts, and who ...is authorized to receive and to issue the late place of doing ...business.

FRANK B. DUPHORN, S. W. HOFFMAN.

...17—tf

# STRAY.—Came to the residence

...of the subscriber, in Franklin township, about ...the October last, a White Ram, without ...marks. The owner is desired to come and ...and take it away.

GEORGE DITTENHAFER.

...17—tf

# STRAY.—Came to the premi-

...es of the subscriber, near Arendtsville, TWO STEERS ...1 two old and one young, one with horns, all ...cropped tails. The owner is desired to come ...prove property, pay charges, and take them away.

JACOB MINTER, Sen.

...27—3t

# REGISTER'S NOTICES.

## ...OTICE is hereby given to all

...Legatees and other persons concerned, that the ...undersigned Auditor appointed by the Register of ...Adams county to make distribution of the money ...in the hands of Jacob Hoke, Executor of the last will and testament of Henry Myers, late of Mountpleasant township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in Gettysburg, on FRIDAY, the 4th day of DECEMBER next, at 10 o'clock, A. M., when and where all persons interested may attend if they see proper.

WM. J. MARTIN, Auditor.

...The first and final account of Martin L. Staver, ...Administrator of Jacob Stavely, deceased.

...The first and final account of Henry Mayer, Executor of Sarah Ball, deceased.

...The first and final account of Michael Reily, ...Administrator with the will annexed of Ignatius Cole, deceased.

...The first and final account of Peter Sterner and Jacob, Administrators of Jacob Sterner, late of ...Cumberland township, deceased.

...The first and final account of John Wert Executor of the last will and testament of Henry Werts, deceased.

...The first and final account of William H. Butters, Administrator of David R. Sterner, deceased.

...The first account of Martin Crawell, Administrator of Peter Crawell, deceased.

...The second and final account of James W. Sobers, Administrator of Dr. Henry A. Lilly, deceased.

...27, 1868.—tf

B. D. HOFFMANTHALT, Register.


# The Star and Sentinel.

Gettysburg, Friday, Dec. 11, 1868.


FOR CASH.—The Coal and Produce Dealers in Gettysburg have announced their purpose hereafter rigidly to enforce the Cash system. What is to become of the poor Printer? No credit for Type, Paper, Ink, &c., and now comes cash for Coal to keep the office warm, cash for Flour, cash for Butter, Lard, Sugar, Coffee, —cash for every thing! Will our friends please bear these facts in mind, and help the Printer along by each one promptly sending in at least a year's subscription? We know you will all feel the better for having done it. Try it, friends.

ANOTHER.—Col. JOHN H. MCCLELLAN, last week, brought to town a fine deer, the result of a hunt in South Mountain by himself and JOHN HALL.

NEW DIRECTOR.—On the first Monday in November, Benjamin Deardorff, Esq., took his seat in the board of Directors of the Poor as successor of Mr. Nunemaker.

THANKS.—We are requested by Miss HANNAH BREAM to acknowledge her obligations to her friends who so kindly aided her in enlarging and improving her dwelling.

SNOW.—On Friday last, we had a severe snow-storm, followed by a third on Sunday night. Snow fell to the depth of about 6 inches, followed by a cold snap. Thus far the season has been unusually open, with little or no ice.

SALES.—F. E. Metzger, of Hanover, has sold his farm in Mountjoy township, 150 acres, to William Currens, for $6,000 cash.

Joseph Barker has sold his hotel property, in Littlestown, to Levi Harner, at $9,000.

DON'T FORGET.—George Alfred Townsend will open the series of Lectures, under the auspices of the Literary Societies of the College, on Tuesday evening next, in Agricultural Hall, on the "Pennsylvania Dutch." The lecturer has a high reputation, and will be worth hearing.

BURNED OUT.—On the 28th ult., a large five story brick building on Arch street Philadelphia, was destroyed by fire. The first floor was occupied by Isaac G. Tyson & Co., as an Auction room, whose loss is about $6,000—assured for about $2,000. Mr. Tyson was formerly in the Photographic business in Gettysburg.

DICKINSON COLLEGE.—The Belles Letters Society of Dickinson College, will hold its 83rd anniversary in Rheem's Hall, Carlisle, on Monday evening, Dec. 21, and the Union Philosophical Society on the following evening. Among the speakers announced for Monday night we notice the name of W. Scott Morrison, of Bendersville, in this county.

CONFIRMATION.—Bishop Shanahan, of the Diocese of Harrisburg, was here on Sunday the 29th ult., and administered confirmation to fifty-one persons in St. Francis Xavior's Church—assisted by the pastor, Rev. J. A Boll. He also confirmed thirty-two in St. Ignatius's Church, in Buchanan Valley, on Monday morning, and twenty at Fairfield in the afternoon.—*Compiler.*

☞The Sabbath School of Christ Church, (Lutheran) in this place had a pleasant time on Sunday afternoon last, the exercises having special reference to the close of the Jubilee effort. Interesting addresses were delivered by Rev. H. L BAUGHER, of Indianapolis, Ind., Prof. V. L. CONRAD, and Rev. Dr. HAY. The contributions of the school during the year for various objects amounted to $546. The school numbers about 165, including teachers and scholars.

LITERARY CONTEST.—On Tuesday evening, the 22d inst., in Agricultural Hall, there will be a literary contest between the two Societies of the College.—Each Society has selected a representative Declaimer, Orator and Debater for the occasion. The merits of the respective performances will be left for decision to public sentiment, instead of judges specially chosen. An objectionable feature of such contests will thus be removed, and the merits left to an impartial public.

TELEGRAPHIC.—The "Pacific and Atlantic Telegraph Company," have been extending their lines and their wires now connect with all the leading cities and towns east and west. Their office in Gettysburg is in the store of Frank D. Dupborn, corner of the Diamond and Carlisle street.—Mr. D. is a courteous, obliging operator, and is prepared to receive and forward promptly telegrams to any part of the United States.

INAUGURATION.—Rev. Dr. VALENTINE will be inaugurated President of Penna., College, on Monday evening, Dec. 21, in Christ Church. As this is only the third ceremony of inauguration, in the history of the Institution, it will be an occasion of more than ordinary interest. It is expected that many of the alumni and friends of the College will be present. The following order of exercises has been adopted:

1. Address, and delivery of the Keys, by the President of the Board, Hon. M. MCCLEAN.
2. Address on behalf of the Faculty, Prof. M. L. STOEVER.
3. Address on behalf of the Students, E. T HORN.
4. Inaugural address of Dr. VALENTINE.

DR. MORRIS' LECTURE.—The lecture by Rev. Dr. MORRIS of Baltimore, in Agricultural Hall, on Friday evening, drew out a large and intelligent audience. The subject, "*How to Read*," gave the lecturer —who, by the way, is unquestionably one of the best readers in the country—a fair chance to hit off the numberless affected styles of public speaking and reading, with humorous illustrations which seemed to be keenly relished by the audience. The sanctimonious style, so common in the pulpit—the nasal—the whining—the monotonous—the stilty—the declamatory —all received attention in the course of the lecture. Dr. MORRIS, while conceding the importance of due attention to rules, thinks that after all the main elements in good reading is naturalness and sufficient good common sense to understand and comprehend the subject matter. The audience were treated to some specimens of fine reading, including David's Lament over Absalom, by Willis, and Lover's humorous description of a collection in an Irish Chapel, from Handy Andy—both of which were finely rendered, and being in opposite veins illustrated the Dr's capacity as a capital reader.

COURT DOINGS.—Court adjourned on Saturday noon. In the case of Keckler and Wife vs. Fidler's Executor, reported last week, the Jury were discharged on Friday evening, being unable to agree on a verdict. The following cases, additional to those noted in our last, were disposed of:

Edward Stahly vs. George Smith.—Appeal from Justice of the Peace. Plaintiff claimed on Book Account and for value of Market Route leased to defendant. The defence claimed that Plaintiff had forfeited his claim on market Route by interference therewith. The Jury found for Plaintiff $16.84.

Jacob B. Trostle and Jacob A. Trostle vs. Samuel Sheily and Lewis Snyder.—Mr. Sheily, as Tax Collector, levied on two Horses and Harness as the property of Abraham Trostle, and locked them up for several days, when finding that they belonged to Plaintiffs they were returned. Plaintiffs claimed damage for trespass, &c. Both cases were tried before the same Jury. Verdict for $22 06 in favor of Jacob B. Trostle and for $8 in favor of Jacob A. Trostle.

☞The address of JOHN HALL, who advertises Craig's Microscopes, is Bergen, N. J., not Hudson. See advertisement.

BUILDING ASSOCIATIONS.—The beneficial effects of well conducted Building Associations are beginning to be recognized, and these institutions are being rapidly extended throughout the country. Gettysburg is reaping the fruits of the one established here a year or two ago in the impulse given to building and improvements of real estate. But there is another aspect of the subject—the effect upon the membership. The Baltimore *American*, in a recent article upon the operations of the Building Associations in that city, pronounces them "the greatest and most practical moral reformatory institutions ever devised." They are quietly, but effectualy, doing much to keep young men out of vicious habits, and reclaim those who have taken downward steps. They draw young men to them with a stated object in view, and require a weekly deposit from their earnings which they cannot spare without giving up carousals of all descriptions. As their deposits increase their interest in the institution is enhanced, and their desire to take more shares grows into a fixed habit that drives off and extinguishes many other bad habits. The Building Association has a hold on its members that makes it necessary that they should attend steadily to their work, and give up all those sure means of making the poor poorer to which the habit of "spending as you go" is certain to lead.

This desire to become possessed of a house should be inculcated in the minds of all young men. Such prudence and economy that are essential to a beginning in husbanding their earnings will keep them out of evil courses and evil habits. John Jacob Astor said that the accumulation of his first thousand dollars was the most difficult work of his life. With that thousand he laid the foundation of his colossal fortune. Had he spent all he earned during these early years of his life, he would have fallen into habits that would have grown from year to year, requiring increased expenditure, and have kept him always a poor man.

DUTIES OF SCHOOL DIRECTORS.—From the last number of the Pennsylvania *School Journal* we clip the following sensible advice on the importance of directors visiting the schools:—"The duty of visiting the schools is considered one of the most important duties that directors have to discharge in the administration of the system. The law makes the duty imperative, and no person should accept the office of school director unless he is willing to perform it. When well done its effect is always to make the schools more efficient. It stimulates the pupils in their studies. It enables directors to ascertain the exact condition of the schools, schoolhouses and school grounds. On the whole, so high a value does the Department set upon the local supervision of the schools that it always expects to find the schools of districts which are regularly and systematically visited by boards of directors, according to the provisions of the law, other things equal, fifty per cent. better than those of districts in which the schools are entirely neglected in this respect, and this estimate is made from personal observation made in hundreds of districts."

ADVERTISING.—Professor Eastman of the Poughkeepsie Commercial College, in a recent lecture, made some very sensible remarks upon advertising. His views are worthy of attention, as he has made advertising a life study; and by practicing (even recklessly) what he preaches, has achieved a large success in his department. He says that the merchants of Europe are far in advance of American merchants in skilful advertising, as well as in the extent to which they advertise. It is not unfrequently the case that single firms on the other side of the Atlantic expend $100,000 per annum in advertising their business. He deprecates the method of advertising in a single advertisement an entire stock, and claims that each article should be advertised thoroughly by itself. He cites as a good example of the benefits of thorough advertising, the paying of $22,000 by A. T. Stewart upon one occasion to advertise a certain line of goods by which means he realized a clear profit, of $10,000. A single advertisement, successful, must be thorough enough to produce an excitement in the minds of the public. Many a man lacks pluck to go on, and fails to reap the full fruits of his outlay by stopping only a *little too soon*.—He argues that the general principles of advertising are the same in all kinds of business, and that everything else being equal, the man who succeeds by this means in one business would also succeed in any other.

Mr. Bonner once asked Mr. Bennett, of the *Herald*, if he could have the use of three pages of his paper, and upon being told that, by paying double price, he could have all he wanted, promptly replied that he would take the whole advertising space of the paper. He did take it, and filled it with the repetition of an advertisement which alone would not have occupied ten lines. It paid, as all thorough advertising is certain to do. A man who does not know how to make advertising pay is no more a thorough business man than one who can not judge for himself of the value of the goods.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—We learn that an accident of a fatal character occurred on Sabbath last, in Franklin township, Adams county. A little boy aged about fifteen years, son of Mr. JOHN HART, dec'd, formerly of the vicinity of Fayetteville, had a loaded horse-pistol and was about to discharge it, when, owing to some derangement about the lock, he failed in firing; he attempted to fix it, when a premature discharge occured and the entire load of buck-shot entered his abdomen, causing death after intense suffering of several hours duration. Another sad warning to those who carelessly use fire-arms.—*Chambersburg Repository.*

CALENDARS FOR 1869.—We are prepared to print Calendars for the year 1869, with Business Cards attached, and ornamental border, specially gotten up for the purpose. Merchants will find it an attractive and profitable way of advertising. The handsome Calendar will cause it to be carefully posted up in counting-houses, business places, hotels, and dwellings, and thus preserved, with the business card attached, while ordinary advertisements are torn up and destroyed. They can be furnished on short notice, printed on card board or paper, in plain or fancy colors, and at very reasonable rates. Send in your orders.

COLD WEATHER.—During the last few days old Boreas has visited us in all his glory, waking up those persons who have neglected to provide themselves with comfortable Winter Clothing. Our friend, FRANCIS CUNNINGHAM, has just received a large assortment of all kinds of Boy's and Men's wear, adapted to the season, including Coats, Over Coats, Pants, Vests, Woolen Shirts and Drawers, Socks, Over Shoes, Musical Instruments, Trunks and Valises, Socks, Buffalo Robes, Sleigh Bells, Horse Blankets, Gloves, Hosiery, with a large variety of Notions —all of which he is offering at very low prices, having been purchased for cash. Call and examine his stock, on Baltimore street, Picking's old stand, and you will find just what you want, and what is better still at prices just to suit. 2t

☞The attention of our readers is directed to the advertisement of COE'S DYSPEPSIA CURE, in another part of this paper. This truly Valuable Medicine is recommended by all who use it. Read the certificates. eow

☞"Dandruff Antiphlator" was the exclamation of an enthusiastic old bachelor when experiencing the magic effect of one bottle of "Barrett's Vegetable Hair Restorative," the premium article.—*Burlington Hawk Eye.*

☞For good Photographs go to and MYERS, also Frames, at their very low. Tyson's old stand, Baltimore street.

To which they invite attention—being determined to sell at lowest cash prices. [April 6, 1868.—tf

### GETTYSBURG BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

*(See Advertisements.)*

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

R. G. McCreary, York street, in residence.
McConaughy & Krauth, Chambersburg st., residence.
D. Wills, on Public Square, in residence.
A. J. Cover, Baltimore st., near Fahnestock's Store.
D. A. Buehler, Baltimore street, in residence.

BAKER.

J. W. Tipton, N. E. cor. Public Square.

BAKERY.

Newport & Ziegler, corner Washington & Middle sts.

BOOT & SHOEMAKERS.

D. Kitzmiller & Bro., York st. opposite Bank.
D. H. Klinger, Baltimore street, third square.
John M. Bailing, Carlisle street, near Railroad Depot.

CONFECTIONS, TOYS, &C.

A. B. Feistel, Baltimore street, first square.
E. H. Minnigh, Chambersburg st. up Lutheran Church.
John M. Minnigh, Baltimore street, first square.
John Gruel, Chambersburg street, near Eagle Hotel.

CARPENTERS AND CONTRACTORS.

Wm. C. Stallsmith & Son, York street, first square.
Wm. Chritzman, West street, near Chambersburg.
Cashman & Rowe, York street, second square.

CARRIAGES, &C.

Danner & Ziegler, Middle street, near Baltimore.
Perry J. Tate, Washington st., near Chambersburg.
W. K. Gallagher, East Middle st. second square.

CLOTHING.

George Arnold, cor. of Diamond and Chambersburg st
F. Pennighaus, Baltimore street, first square.
T. C. Norris, Chambersburg street, first square.
Jacobs & Brother, Chambersburg street, first square.
Jacob Brinkerhoff, corner of York and Public Square

COAL, LUMBER, LIME, &C.

C. H. Buehler, corner of Carlisle and Railroad streets
Jacob Reilly, corner of Stratton and Railroad.

DRY GOODS.

Dr. Wm. Stallsmith, Baltimore street, first square.
J. L. Hill, Chambersburg street, opposite Eagle Hotel.

DRUGGISTS.

A. D. Buehler, Chambersburg st., near Public Square.
Hubers, Baltimore street, first square.
R. Horner, Chamb'g st., opposite Christ's Church.

DRY GOODS.

Fahnestock Brothers, cor. of Balto. and Middle sts.
J. L. Schick, cor. Baltimore and Public Square.
Robert A. Elliott, st. opposite the Court-house.
Geo. Arnold, cor. Diamond and Chambersburg st.
Row & Woods, cor. of Diamond and York street.
F. D. Duphorn, corner of Diamond and Carlisle st.

FOUNDRY.

David Sterner, West street.

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION HOUSES.

Bigham & Co., cor. Washington and Railroad.
S. & Renner & Brother, opposite National Bank.
McCurdy & Hamilton, Carlisle Street.

GRANITE YARD.

Peter Beitler, Railroad, East of Stratton street.

GAS FITTER.

R. D. Armor, East Middle street.

GROCERIES, &C.

J. Cress & Son, cor. Chambersburg and Public Square.
Wm. Bayer & Son, York st. opposite National Bank.
Musis & Bros., Chambersburg st. second square.
Wm. J. Martin, cor. of Baltimore and High streets.
Fahnestock Brothers, cor. Baltimore and Middle sts.
Bigham & Co., cor Washington and Railroad streets.
S. & Renner & Bro., cor. Stratton and Railroad sts.
McCurdy & Hamilton, Carlisle st.
Gilbert & Co., York st., first square
H. M. Paxton, Baltimore street, third square.

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.

Danner & Ziegler, Baltimore street, first square.
Fahnestock Brothers, corner Balto. and Middle sts.

HARNESS, &C.

D. McCreary & Son, Balto. st. opposite Pres. Church.

HATS, CAPS, SHOES, &C.

S. S McCreary, Chambersburg street, first square.
Jacob Brinkerhoff, cor. York st., and Public Square.
T. C. Norris, Chambersburg street, first square.
L. C. Cobean, Chambersburg st.
Row & Woods, cor. of Diamond and York street.

HOTELS.

Eagle Hotel, J. L. Tate, proprietor, corner Chambersburg and Washington streets.
Keystone House, W. S. Myers, proprietor, Chambersburg street, opposite Christ's Church.

LIVERY STABLES.

N. Weaver, Washington st., north of Chambersburg.
T. T. Tate, Washington st., near Eagle Hotel.

MARBLE YARDS.

J. M. Cannon, corner of Baltimore and Middle streets
Meals & Brother, York st., east of Stratton

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

Tipton & Myers, York street, opposite National Bank.
Levi Mumper, Baltimore street, first square.

PHYSICIAN.

J. W. C. O'Neal, Baltimore street, near High.

PRINTING OFFICE.

*Star & Sentinel*, Baltimore st., midway between the Court House and Public Square, west side.

STOVES, TINWARE, &C.

C. H. Buehler, corner of Carlisle and Railroad.
S. G. Cook, York st., nearly opposite the Nat. Bank.

SUGAR STORE.

Washington Bierbower, N. E. corner of Diamond.

TAILOR.

Wm. T. King, York street, opposite Bank.

UNDERTAKER & PAPER HANGER.

Jeremiah Culp, York street, second square.

WATCHMAKER.

Soper & McCartney, Balto., street, first square.

THE MORNING GLORY.—Col. C. H. BUEHLER has received a large assortment of those famous base-burning Stoves, which on the score of economy, cleanliness, easy management, and general utility stand unrivalled and defy competition. The great demand for them last season taxed the capacity of the Manufacturers to meet the demand. They are much improved and will doubtless ere long take the place of all other stoves for parlor, office store and shop. Call and look at them, at the Wareroom on corner of Carlisle and Railroad street, opposite the depot.

Also, on hand a full assortment of the celebrated COOK STOVES, including the Spear, Noble Cook, Waverly, Oriental, Washing, Barley Sheaf, Prince Royal, Royal Cook, Excelsior, &c. &c., all WARRANTED to be good bakers. If not satisfactory, they can be returned and the money refunded. Also, a large assortment of Hollow Ware and Tin Ware, Doty's Washing Machine and Universal Wringer. Call and examine. tf

THE ORIENTAL COAL STOVE.—S. G. Cook has received another lot of these celebrated stoves, being the 3d lot this season, the great demand for the Oriental proves its excellence. It is by far the cheapest, handsomest and best base burning stove in the market, and becomes a favorite where ever introduced, a cheerful ornament in the parlor, a convenience in the dining room and a necessity every where. Being a self feeding, perpetual burner, economical in the use of coal, easily managed and possessing greater heating capacity than any other, it maintains its supremacy among base burners, as it fully deserves. Call and see it.

Cook has also a full supply of Cooking Stoves at reduced prices warranted to bake and give satisfaction in every respect, also a general assortment of articles suitable for Kitchen use, &c. Give him a call. tf

☞While we sympathize with our friends of Oak Hall in the loss of one of their firm, we appreciate the opportunity that is now for a few days offered to our readers of securing a bargin in clothing which will repay ten-fold a visit to the city. We, the editors of this paper, will certainly not lose the chance, but will either go or send for something from Wanamaker & Brown's. We advise you to do the same thing, for sure are we, that if you don't you will regret it all winter. It would not be a bad idea for us to go "en masse" and get the whole country "dressed up" for once—cheap for cash, and if any can not possibly go let them send their orders along with us, and by getting such a big lot at once, no doubt our delegation could secure even better terms than will be current. Whether we go singly or together *let us go at once*, for first come is first served, and we all know what a rush there will be as soon as this announcement is made public. It

TWENTY PER CENT OF A REDUCTION.—New Imports to WM. BLAIR & SON. We are now opening a large invoice of *Common* or "*C C*" ware, received by the ship "*Addie Hall*," which we offer *Wholesale and Retail* at a reduction of 20 *per cent* from our late prices. Also a large quantity of *Baizing, Candles &c.*, for the Holidays, which we offer very cheap. Our stock of *Queensware, Glassware, Cedar and Willowware, Coal Oil, Salt, &c.*, is very full. Please give us a call.

WM. BLAIR & SON
"South End" Carlisle, Pa.
Dec. 8, 1868-1t

HOUSEKEEPERS, and all others wanting anything in the house-keeping line, will do well to call at Col. C. H. BUEHLER'S extensive Ware-room, near the Passenger depot, on Carlisle street, who has on hand a very large assortment of Stoves of the best manufacture, Cooking, Parlor, Office, and Chamber Stoves, for wood or Coal; also Hollow Ware, Tin Ware, Japan Ware, Britannia Ware, Bird Cages, and a general assortment of Kitchen utensils. Also Coal and Lumber of all kinds. tf

H. T. HELM SOLD.—An unfounded report was put in circulation some weeks ago that this gentleman had become insane. On the other hand, Mr. H. is pressing his business with unwonted energy, and we notice by the N. York papers that he has just received a magnificent assortment of

*GINGHAMS, LAWNS, PRINTS, BAREGES, MUSLINS, &c.*

said to most in their very lovely,

### MARRIED.

FUNT—HALDEMAN.—On the 26th ult., by the Rev. W. R. H. Deatrich, Mr. George H. Funt to Mrs. Mary A. Haldeman, both of Menallen township.

OLEY—MARCH.—On the 24th ult., by Rev. W. K. Zieber, Mr. John Wolff to Miss Sarah March, both of Adams county.

YOHE—MYERS.—On the 1st inst., by Rev. F. F. Davis, Mr. David Yohe to Miss Mary E. Myers, both of Mountpleasant township.

### DIED.

☞Obituary notices 5 cents a line for all over 4 lines—cash to accompany notices.

ROBISON.—Yesterday morning, of lockjaw, David W., son of D. W. Robison, of this place, aged 7 years 1 month and 2 days.

SANDERS.—On the 23d ult., at East Berlin, Mr. Ralph Sanders, aged 52 years 5 months and 2 days.

SHECKLEY.—On Monday evening last, Robert Sheckley, of Butler township, aged 78 years, 6 months, and 9 days.

STALLSMITH.—On the 28th ult., Mrs. Rebecca Stallsmith, wife of Peter Stallsmith, of Straban township, aged 52 years and 5 months.


## New Advertisements.

ESTRAY.—Came to the residence of the subscriber in Highland township, on or about the Middle of October, a BRINDLE HEIFER, black on legs, with a white spot on the forehead, supposed to be 18 months old The owner is requested prove property, pay charges and take her away. JOSEPH RITTINGER.

Dec. 11, 1868.—3t

WONDERFUL DISPLAY.

*THE MAMMOTH COLLECTION*

OF

Toys and Notions, French and Common Candies,

can be seen, free of charge, at the Store of

SANTA CLAUS

(JOHN M. MINNIGH,)

*ON BALTIMORE STREET.*

The greatest choice collection of Childrens' Toys, ever brought from the City. Also, Cakes, Nuts, Raisins, Figs, Oranges, &c., in variety and abundance; also, Tobacco and Segars of the best brands.

☞Give me a call [Dec. 11.—tf

ONLY FOR CASH.

The undersigned, Dealers in Coal, hereby give notice to their Customers and the Public, that after this date

NO CREDIT

will be allowed, but all Coal must be paid for in advance, when ordered. Our being required to pay Cash for Coal and Freight necessitates this change, and hereafter

*The Cash System will be rigidly adhered to.*

☞All persons indebted to either of the undersigned on Book Account are requested to call and make settlement.

C. H. BUEHLER,
JACOB REILY,
BENNER & BROTHER.

Gettysburg, Dec. 22.—3m

THE VERY BEST!

Bierbower's Segar Store,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

NORTH-EAST CORNER OF THE DIAMOND.

THE undersigned, thankful for past favors, respectfully calls the attention of the public to his assortment of

Segars, Smoking & Chewing Tobacco, Pipes, &c.,

which he is prepared to sell at the lowest living prices, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. He will keep on hand

THE BEST BRANDS,

and will manufacture for general sale throughout the County.

Remember the place, in the Diamond, between Brinkhoff's Store and McClellan's Hotel.

WASHINGTON BIERBOWER.

Dec. 11, 1868.—tf

JOB PRINTING,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

EXECUTED NEATLY AND CHEAPLY

AT THIS OFFICE

## New Advertisements.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE

OF REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of an alias order of the Orphans' Court of Adams county, will be exposed to Public Sale, on *Saturday, the 19th day of December next, at 1 o'clock, P. M.*, on the premises, a certain lot of ground, situated in the town of Gettysburg, Adams county, adjoining lots of M. Pechtel and W. F. Rice, about 60 feet front and 200 feet deep, on which is erected a two-story Frame and weatherboarded House and other outbuildings, the estate of Eva Crist, deceased.

Attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale by SAMUEL CRIST,
JOHN HAMM, CAVEN. Adm'r.
Nov. 25.—ts

A VALUABLE LOT

FOR SALE,

situate 1½ miles north of Arendtsville, containing 23 Acres, and 72 Perches, with a choice Apple Orchard, choice Cherries, Plum, Apricots, Grapes, a young Peach Orchard, all of the best graded fruit, a two-story Log House, with good cellar, a new Barb, with a good floor, 3 never-failing Springs at the house; between 6 and 7 Acres of good Timber, most splendid Chestnut, Oak and Pine.

Any person wishing to see the property will call on the Proprietor.

If not sold before New Year's day, it will then be offered at Public Sale on the first day of January, 1869. ADAM FORNEY.

Dec. 11.—ts

VALUABLE FARM AT

PRIVATE SALE.

The undersigned offers at Private Sale his Farm situate in Cumberland township, about 2¾ miles from Gettysburg, on the Chambersburg pike, containing 17 ACRES, 5 Acres of which are in good Timber; in 10 ACRES of MEADOW LAND. The improvements are a Two-Story Stone Dwelling, Bank Barn, Wagon Shed, Corn-crib, Carriage House, Wash-house, &c., all good and new; also, two never-failing wells of water, one at the Kitchen door and the other at the Barn; a good young Orchard of choice fruit, just commencing to bear.

The Farm will be for sale 50 days, and will be sold all together or in two parts, as may suit purchasers. If not sold within 50 days, it will be for rent.

Dec. 11.—3t JACOB MICKLEY, D. of D.

PRIVATE SALE.

The undersigned will offer at Private Sale, a valuable Tract of Choice Land, containing about 140 Acres, situated in Cumberland town ship, Adams county, Pa., adjoining lands of David W. Horner, A. Weyerbacher, James Harbaugh and Joseph Walker—the road leading from Rinedor's Mill (now Arnold's,) to the Gettysburg and Hagerstown Road 7 miles from Gettysburg and 4½ miles from Emmittsburg, Md. Ninety Acres are clear land and the balance in excellent timber. There is a good young Orchard on the premises in full bearing. The clear land has all been heavily limed—part of which is good Meadow, and the whole under good fencing—Property convenient to Mills, School Houses and Churches.

☞Persons desiring to see the Farm can do so by calling on D. W. Horner residing near the property. For further information, address the undersigned at Emmittsburg, Md. O. A. HORNER.

Dec. 11.—4t

REAL ESTATE AT

PUBLIC SALE.

The undersigned will offer at Public Sale, *on the 26th of December, 1868*, the following valuable property to wit:

A LOT OF GROUND, situated in the Borough of Berwick, fronting on Water street, on which is erected a large two-story BRICK BUILDING, with one-story back building attached, a log Barn and Corn-crib House. Also, a well of water on the premises with a pump attached. Also, a three-story BRICK DWELLING HOUSE property, being the late residence of the Rev. E. H. Gitnick, deceased.

Persons wishing to view the premises or wishing further information will call on the undersigned who occupies the same as a tenant.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by

Dec. 11.—4t JULIA A. HOFFHEINS.

The Cash System.

THE undersigned, Dealers in Produce, &c., in Gettysburg, have this day determined to introduce the

CASH SYSTEM

in their business. All goods must be paid for in advance or on delivery, as the Cash System will be rigidly enforced, after this date.

☞All persons indebted to either of the firms are requested to call and make settlement.

BIGHAM & CO.,
WM. E. BIGHAM,
ALEX. PFANILER,
Mc CURDY & HAMILTON,
BENNER & BRO.

Dec. 11.—2m

NEW BUSINESS.

Upholstering & Trimming.

WILLIAM E. CULP

HAS opened an establishment opposite Weaver's Livery Stables, on Washington street, for

Covering Sofas, Chairs, Mattrasses, and Upholstering in all its branches.

He also continues his old business of Trimming Buggies, Carriages, &c., and solicits from the public their patronage. Charges moderate.

Gettysburg, Pa., Dec. 11.—tf

IN THE MATTER OF FRANCIS S. HILDEBRAND, BANKRUPT.

The said Bankrupt having filed his petition for a discharge from all his debts provable under said Act, and, for a certificate thereof: It is ordered that a meeting of the creditors be held on the 7th *day of January, 1869*, at 10 o'clock, A. M., before HASTINGS WEIR, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, at his office in Gettysburg, Pa., which is hereby appointed the time and place for the examination of said Bankrupt who will be present; and it is further ordered that a hearing be had upon the said petition for the grant of a certificate thereof, on *Wednesday the 27th day of January, 1869*, before said Court, at Philadelphia, at 10 o'clock, A. M., when and where all parties interested can attend, if they see proper.

HASTINGS WEIR,
Register in Bankruptcy.

Dec. 11.—3t

HATS & CAPS.

Fall and Winter Styles.

S. S. M'CREARY

HAS just received a fresh and general assortment of HATS, including the very latest style fine Silk Cassimere Hats, and also a large sup

Gettysburg Weekly Journal.

Gettysburg, Friday, Dec. 11, 1868.

[For the Star and Sentinel.

## PEACH CULTURE.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—An article appeared in a late number of your respectable Journal, over the signature of "C.," in which the writer professes to believe that the cultivation of Peaches would be profitable in Adams county; yet after making the assertion that they can be grown, he fails to tell us how we are to succeed with that delicious yet precarious fruit. I have waited long for some of our fruit growers of the South Mountain region to say something on this subject, as he made special reference to that section, but waiting has been in vain. Now I think it is a duty as well as a privilege for the fruit growers of Adams county to speak through the columns of your Journal, and thereby exchange views, give experience, &c., and thus become more familiar with the cultivation of that delicious fruit, if there is any such thing as cultivating it successfully. There may be, many a hill side and wood in the South Mountain region where peaches might succeed, yet we had no good illustration of it, even at Bendersville, which may be taken as the center of that favored region. We doubt whether the writer of that article can show us a single instance of a peach orchard in that section that has grown anything like half a crop, three years in five, and I believe I am safe in saying not a single orchard can be pointed out in which the trees have continued healthy for a space of five years after they have arrived at a bearing age. In the face of all this the assertion is made that they can be made a profitable crop, without giving us a single instance of uniform success, or telling us how we may succeed. Will "C" go a little farther and tell us how.

X.

### A SETTLED POLICY ON THE FARM.

The whole secret of the successful farmer often lies in his having a fixed plan of operations. Multitudes have no plan but to meet their immediate necessities and make money by the easiest and seemingly shortest methods. If wool brings high prices, they will gradually give up dairying and work into sheep, with the expectation of making their fortunes. If wool and mutton raising for a time does not pay, they sell their flocks at a great sacrifice. If hops are sixty cents a pound, they invest in hop poles and kilns for drying, and expect sudden wealth. If, when their yards come into full bearing, the prices fall off one-half or more, they are disgusted, and ready to plow up their yards, concluding the business will not pay. There are men who are always taking up a good thing a little too late to make money by it. The farmer cannot afford this continual change. His business is less speculative than any other, and, after providing for the wants of his family and stock, he should give his attention steadily to the production of a few animals, crops, or other products, on which he can rely to raise money. Any branch of farm industry, steadily followed, will be found profitable. Dairying, in a year of short grass, might not pay very well. But the years of drought are exceptions, and the man who makes first-rate butter or cheese will find them a reliable source of income. Where a specialty is made of some one crop, it is particularly important that he should follow it steadily. The raising of hops or of tobacco requires fixtures that are useless in any other branch of farming, and the change of crops involves a considerable loss of capital. Besides, we are always learning in a business to which we give habitual attention, and this knowledge is as much a part of our capital as the money invested in tools and buildings. If a man should make potatoes his leading crop, he would study to lessen the cost of production, and would resort to devices in the preparation of the seed and soil, in the use of manures, and in cultivation, quite unknown to the farmer who pursues a careless style of husbandry. He could raise potatoes cheaper than his neighbors, by means of his improved methods, and if he sold at the same price, make more money. Whatever branch of farming you follow, stick to it, if it is moderately profitable. Lay your plans far ahead, and be prepared for the exceptional years, when large profits come from high prices, or losses from unfavorable seasons. A mixed husbandry is always the safest, and is not at all inconsistent with the cultivation of commercial crops, as tobacco, hops, flax, onion seed, or vegetable seed of any kind, garden vegetables for market, fruits, etc. The introduction of these requires close calculation, definite plans, and thorough business management, if success be attained.—*American Agriculturist.*

MORE SMALL FRUIT.—We are convinced that farmers generally do not pay enough attention to the cultivation of small fruits. We do not advise any one to abandon the cultivation of large fruits, as they are called; but then, in many parts of the country, apples, pears, and peaches have become such uncertain crops that it will not do for the farmer to depend upon them alone for his fruit. Every farmer should have his table continually supplied with small fruits and berries fresh, from the time currants become fit for use to the end of the season for blackberries—a period of at least three months—enough besides to preserve to supply his family the balance of the year.—Currants come first, and they are followed by gooseberries, strawberries and raspberries and blackberries. The inducements to the cultivation of these are, that they can be successfully cultivated, in nearly every section of the country; they are hardy, and they seldom fail, with proper care, to make large yields. A farmer may labor for years to bring apple and peach orchards into successful bearing, and may in the end find that he has received no adequate return for his labor and expense. On the other hand, any farmer can, with ordinary skill and attention, and but little cost, in two years have a full supply of the small fruits and berries.—*Farmer's Almanac.*

A RESURRECTION PLANT.—A very curious plant, called the resurrection plant, is now offered for sale at New York, at from twenty-five to thirty cents. As seen in the baskets of the venders, it resembles a small bunch of brown and curled-up leaves, as it were, curled in upon itself, with a few thread-like roots at the bottom. These plants are brought from the southern part of Mexico. During the rainy season they flourish luxuriantly, but when the dry weather and hot sun scorch the earth, they, too, dry and curl up, and blow about at the mercy of the wind. To all appearances they are as dead as the "brown and sere leaf," but as soon as the rain comes again, the roots suck up the water, the leaves unfold and assume a beautiful emerald-green appearance. No matter where the plant may be, on a rock, a tree, or a house-top, wherever the winds have blown it, there it rests, and being a true temperance plant, it only asks for water, and at once bursts into new life. Having purchased one of these nuts, and placed it on a soup-plate filled with water, the writer will be surprised to see it gradually unfold and take on a deep green. The leaves are arranged spirally, and altogether the resurrection plant is the latest curiosity.

A GENTLEMAN riding, came to the edge of a morass which he considered not safe. Seeing a peasant lad, he asked whether the bog was hard at the bottom. "O, yes, quite hard," replied the youth. The gentleman rode on, but his horse began to sink. "You rascal," shouted he, "did you not say it was hard at the bottom?" "So it is," replied the sogger, "but you're not half way on it yet."

EMPLOYMENT!—100,000 COPIES of the NEW WORK by Junius Henr Browne, will be sold by Agents during the next few months.

THE GREAT METROPOLIS, A MIRROR OF NEW YORK,

is creating a furore wherever seen, unequalled in the book trade. It is destined to an immense sale.

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Specimen copies sent, free of postage, on receipt of a five cent note.

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July 10, '68.—6m

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May 27—1y

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May 29, 1867.—tf ISRAEL YOUNT & CO.

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April 28, 1868.—1y

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1866. 1868.

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He had long seen and felt the want of some remedy which would strike at the root of disease, and so prevent much suffering, which the human family was then compelled to endure.

This great question was presented to his mind every day in which he moved among the sick and suffering, and observed the inefficiency of nearly all the remedies in use. These he was led to think and experiment and after years of study and labor, he presented to his fellowmen the wonderful Zingari Bitters. Perfect in all preparation in the prevention and cure of disease, as so marvellous and astonishing, as the most flattering marks of royal favor were bestowed upon him who discovered it. His name was placed upon the Roll of Nobles, and a gold medal, with the following inscription—Dr. S. Cheopeau, the Public Benefactor—was presented to him by the Viceroy.

The preparation has been used in several epidemics of cholera, both as a preventive and curative disease, and with great success, that it has been introduced into nearly all the general hospitals of the old world.

The following that an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure, applies with marvellous force to Cholera, and there are few family that will protect us against this terrible disease should be freely and persistently used.

All pathologists now agree that the cholera poison acts on the system through the blood, and that any combination which acts on the circulatory organs, and keeps them in working order, must prevent a sufficient accumulation of the poison to exert its terrible effects on the organism. This is the modus operandi of cholera, but of nearly all other maladies, especially the different forms of fever.

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Numerous cases of the following diseases have been cured by it: Cholera, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Scrofula, Typhoid and Typhus Fever, Fever, Ague, Nervous Debility, Anæmia, Female Irregularities, Dyspepsia, Satiency, Colic, &c.

Price One Dollar per quart Bottle.

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Sold by Druggists, Hotel keepers and Grocers generally.

G. F. SALDFLEISCH, sole Agent for Gettysburg.

May 29, 1867. F. RAUTER, Sole Proprietor Harrisburg, Pa.

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Extracted entirely from HERBS AND ROOTS.

Highly beneficial in DYSPEPSIA, GENERAL DEBILITY, AND LOSS OF APPETITE;

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Sept. 11, 1868.—1y

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A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color and the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for useful uses by this application. Instead of *soiling* the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but no harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not s il white cambric, and yet lasts longer on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., PRACTICAL & ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS, LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

For sale by A. D. Buehler, Druggist, Gettysburg, Pa. [Oct. 2, 1868.—1y

Miscellaneous.

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